

Koninklijk Meteorologisch Instituut

Institut Royal Météorologique

Königliche Meteorologische
Institut

Royal Meteorological Institute

Quality Assessment and Quality Control (QA/QC) of ozonesonde measurements

Roeland Van Malderen

WMO-GAW Quality Assessment – Scientific Activity Centre for Ozonesondes

- Measurement principles of ozonesonde
- QA/QC at Uccle
- The ozonesonde network
- QA/QC in the ozonesonde network
 1. World Calibration Centre for Ozonesondes
 2. Assessment of Standard Operating Procedures for Ozonesondes
 3. Homogenization
 4. Continuous Quality Monitoring
- Conclusions

- launched with weather balloon, coupled with radiosonde
 - pump + electrochemical concentration cells
 - titration of ozone in a KI sensing solution:
$$2 \text{ KI} + \text{O}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{I}_2 + \text{O}_2 + 2 \text{ KOH}$$
 - basic formula:

basic formula:

$$P_{O_3} = 0.043085 * \frac{T_P}{(\eta_P * \eta_A * \eta_C * \Phi_{P0})} * (I_M - I_B)$$

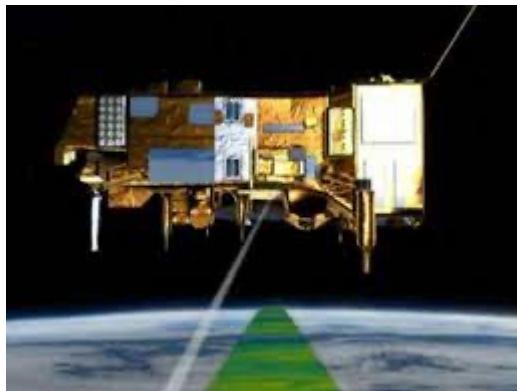
Annotations:

- pump temperature
- current
- pump efficiency
- pump flow rate

pre-launch characterization in lab

Measuring ozone profiles

From satellites



In-situ



Ground-based



advantages ozonesondes:

- high vertical resolution
- absolute measuring device → validation source for other instruments!

- **drawback** ozonesondes: every launch = different instrument
- at Uccle, since 1969, almost 7500 measurements!
- therefore: pre-launch conditioning/cleaning, testing, characterization and calibration following a rigid procedure

pump flow rate
background current



- QA/QC at Uccle

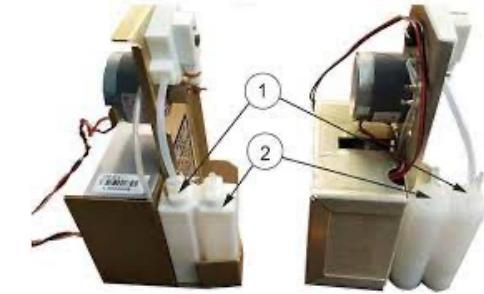
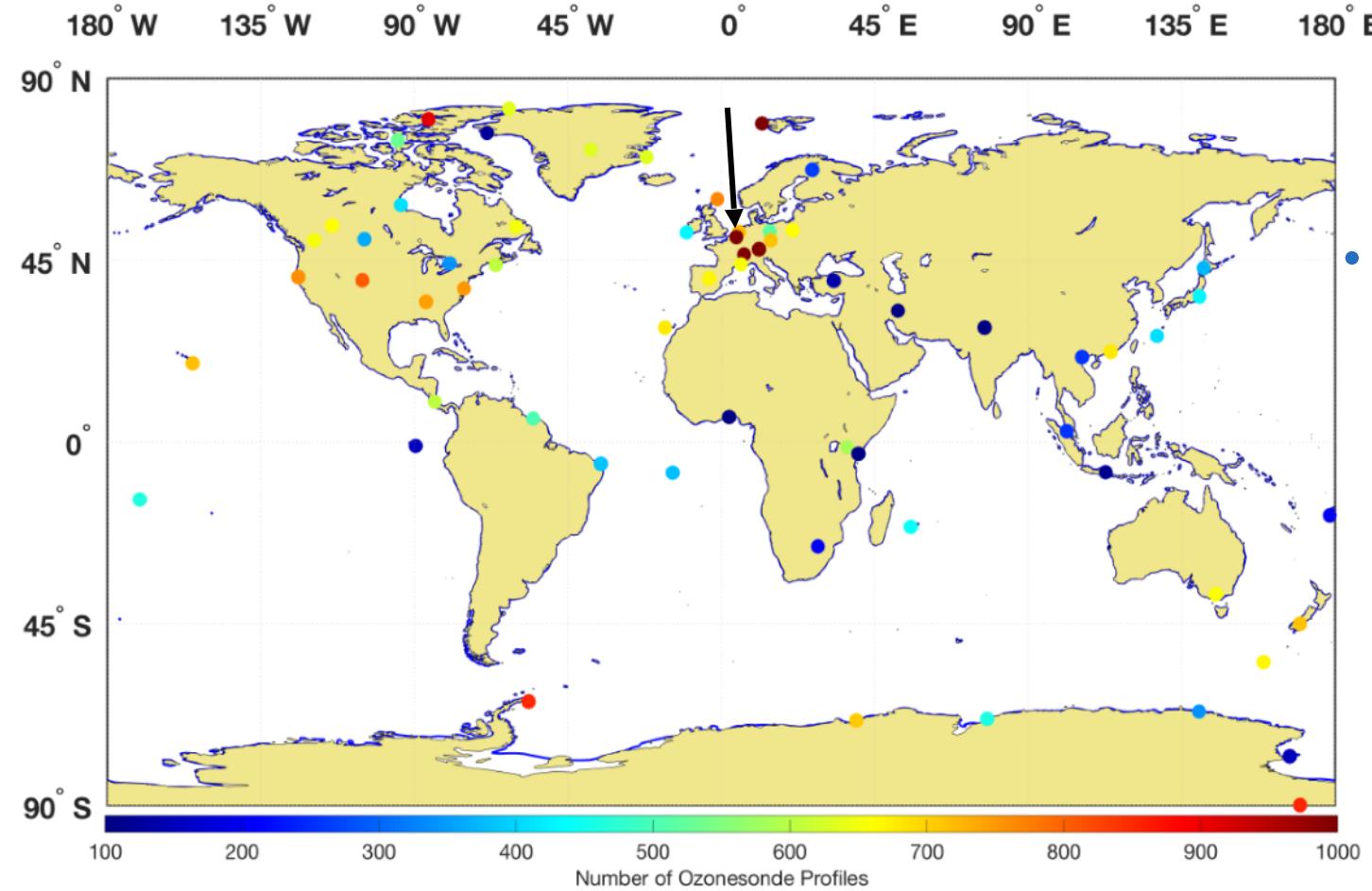
- ✓ Comparison with reference ozone value from ozone calibrator/generator in lab, **before launch**



- ✓ total ozone column from spectrophotometer at Uccle, **after launch**



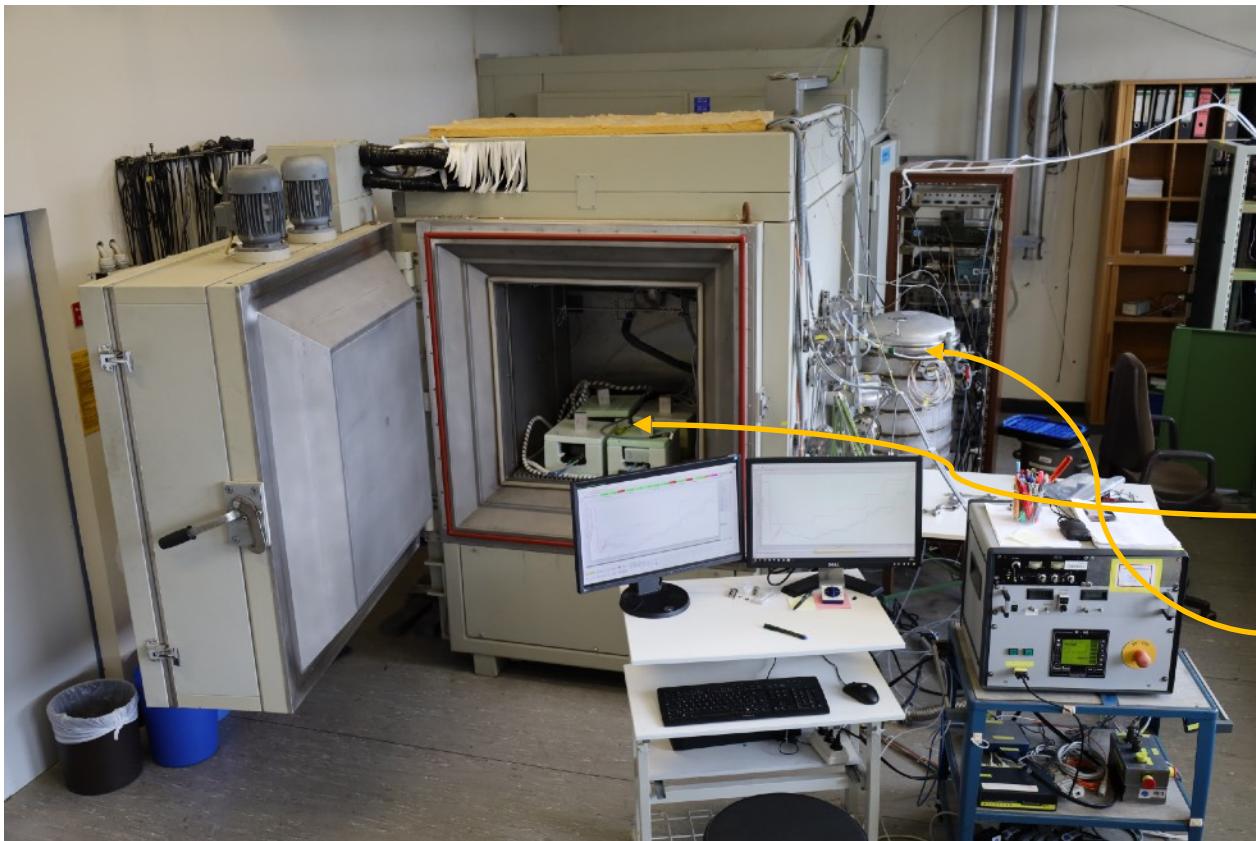
The ozonesonde network



- ± 60 active sites
 - ✓ 2 different sonde manufacturers (5% difference)
 - ✓ 4 different sensing solution types
 - ✓ differences in operating procedures
 - ✓ differences in supporting instruments (ozone generators, spectrophotometers, etc.)

QA/QC for this “zoo”?

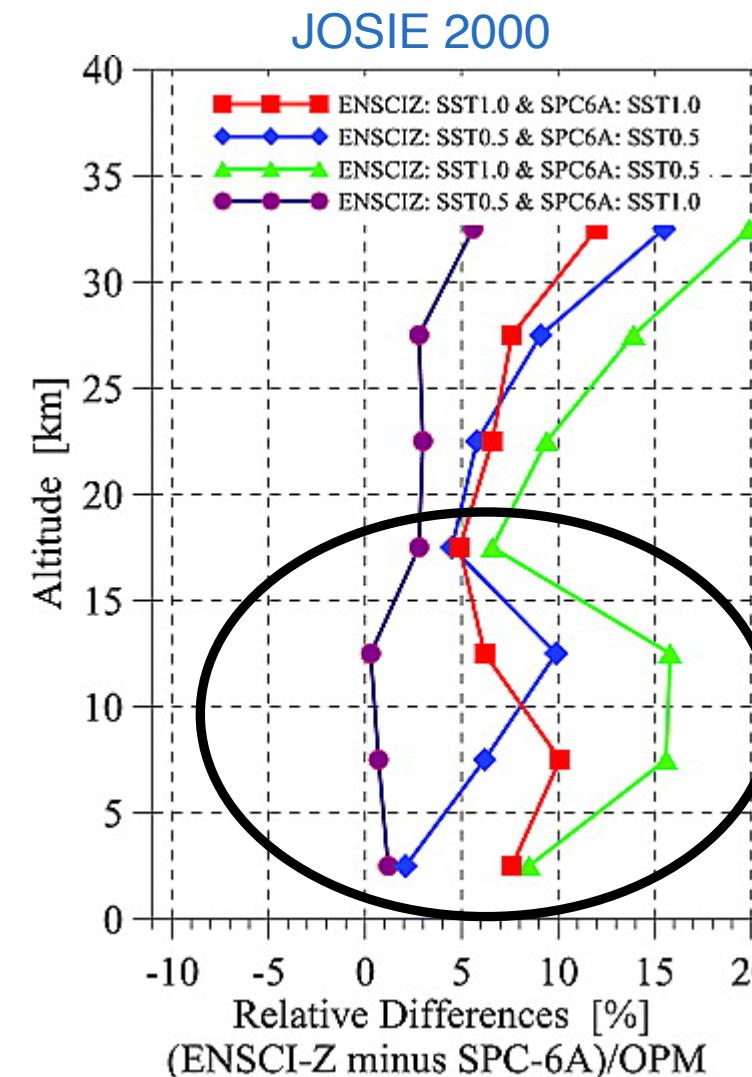
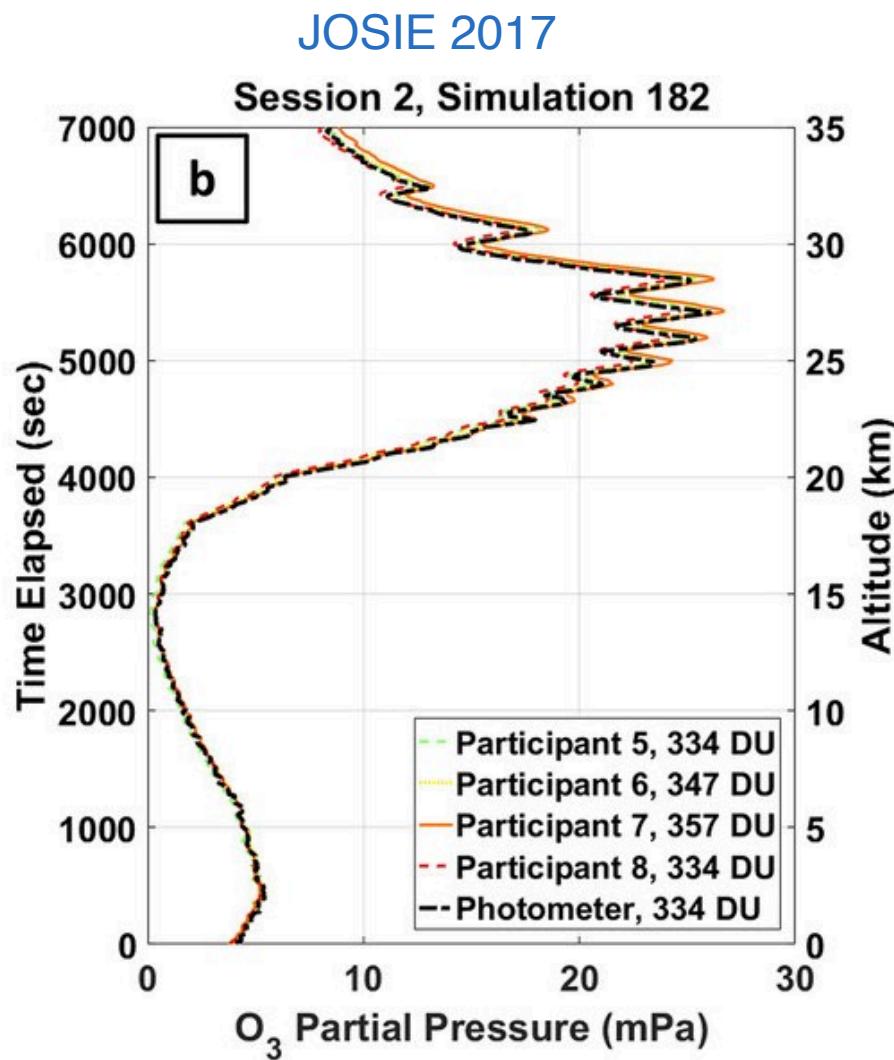
1. WMO World Calibration Centre for Ozonesondes (WCCOS)



Simulation pressure chamber at Jülich (Germany), in collaboration with RMI

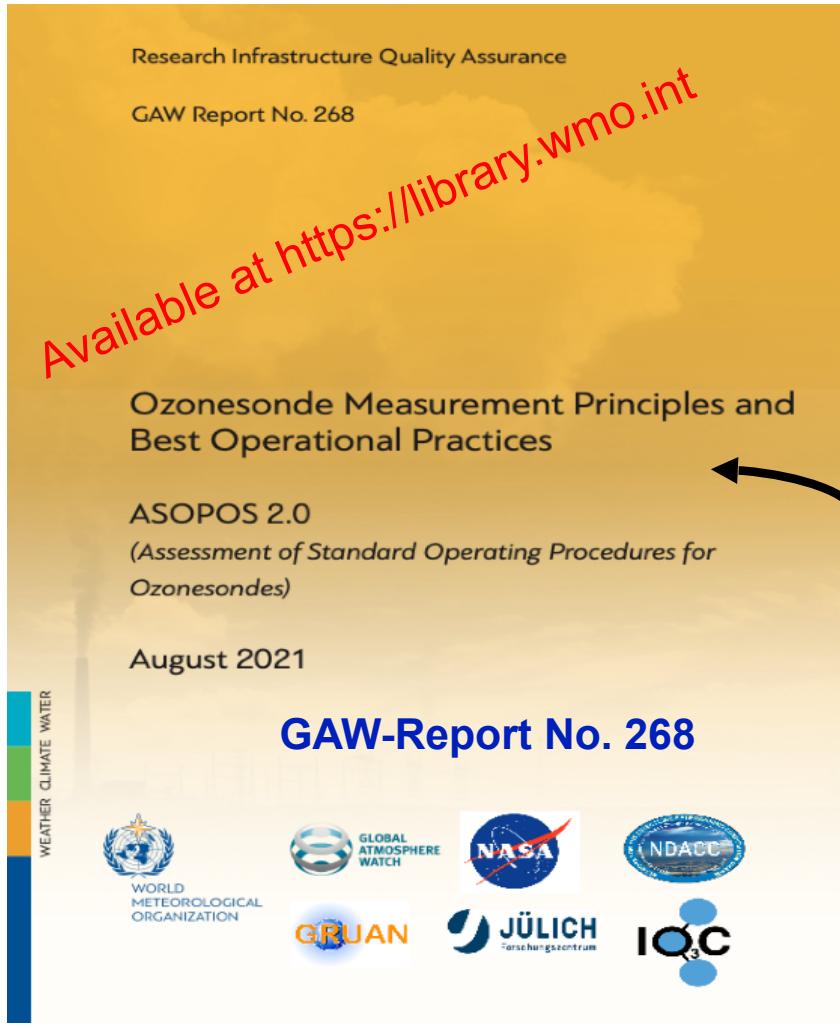
- ✓ enables control of pressure, temperature and ozone concentration
- ✓ simulate quasi-realistic flight conditions of ozone soundings from surface to 35 km
- ✓ can accommodate 4 ozonesondes simultaneously
- ✓ dual beam UV-photometer serves as a reference instrument (uncertainty better than 3-5 %)
- ✓ regularly Jülich OzoneSonde Intercomparison Experiments (JOSIE), since 1996

1. WMO World Calibration Centre for Ozonesondes (WCCOS)



- ✓ ENSCI SST0.5 and SPC SST1.0 are within 1-5%: two standards
- ✓ ENSCI 5-10% > SPC
- ✓ SST1.0 5% > SST0.5
- ✓ troposphere: impact of operating procedures

2. Assessment of Standard Operating Procedures for Ozonesondes (ASOPOS) Panel



= panel of ozonesonde experts that ...

- ✓ reviews current understanding of instrument
- ✓ makes recommendations for standard operating procedures (preparation, hardware, processing, (meta)data archiving, etc.)

→ WMO report published in 2021



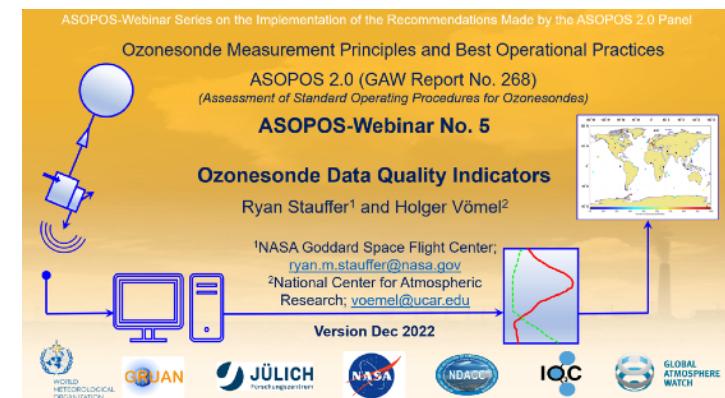
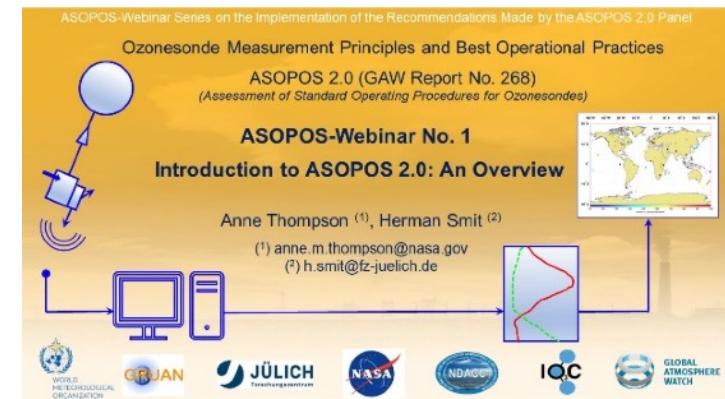
2. Assessment of Standard Operating Procedures for Ozonesondes (ASOPOS) Panel

WMO/GAW Report No. 268 Chapters have been “translated” into 6 Online Webinars:

1. Introduction to ASOPOS 2.0: An Overview (*A. Thompson & H. Smit*)
2. Hardware (*H. Smit & R. Van Malderen*)
3. Standard Operating Procedures (*R. Van Malderen, P. von der Gathen, G. Morris, B. Johnson*)
4. Data Processing (*H. Smit & D. Tarasick*)
5. Data Quality Indicators (DQI) (*R. Stauffer & H. Vömel*)
6. Meta Data and Software (*R. Stauffer & R. Van Malderen*)

+ regional meetups for interactions with station PIs

→ implementation in the network for consistency and traceability

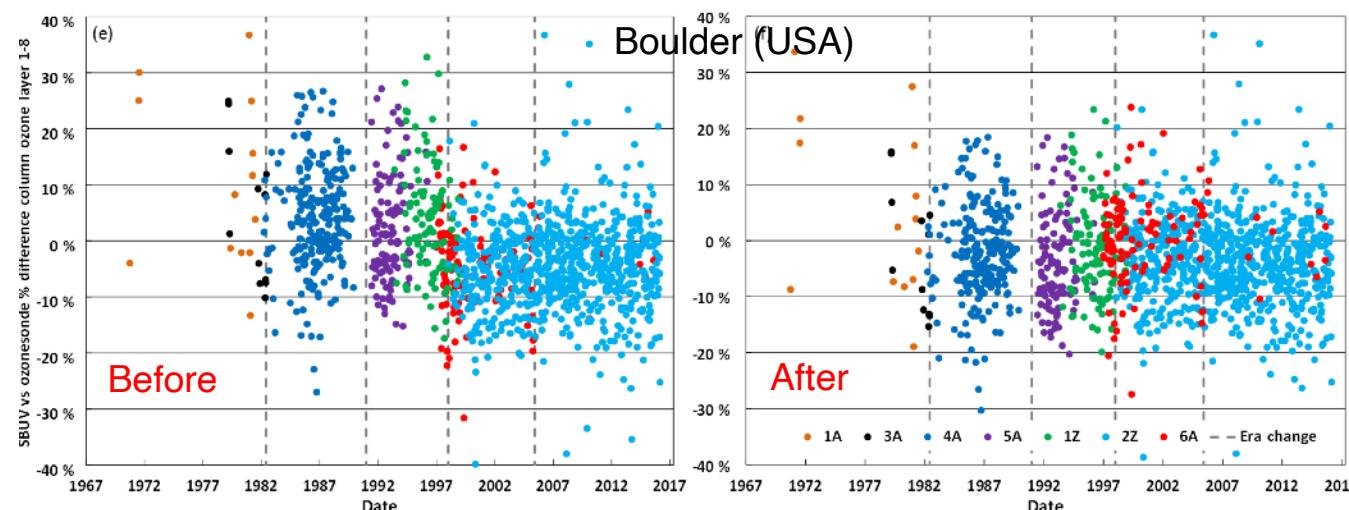
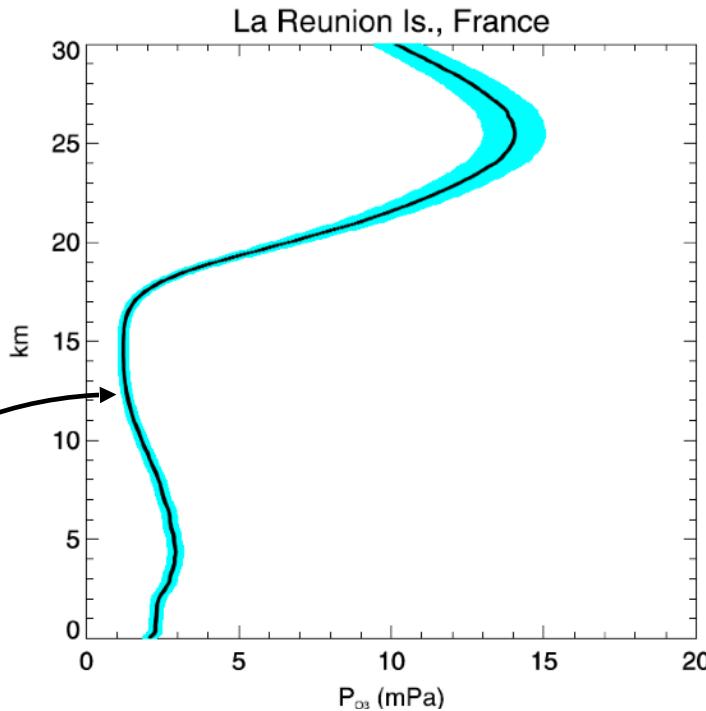


3. O3S-DQA on homogenization

Principles:

- ✓ correcting for (**biases** due to) changes in instrument type, sensing solution, post-processing, pre-flight preparation, etc.
- ✓ estimation of the **uncertainty** for every ozone partial pressure measurement
- ✓ provision + storage of (additional) **raw data**, needed for future reprocessing

ULTIMATE GOAL: reduce uncertainty from 10-20% to 5-10%



O3S-DQA Activity: Guide Lines for Homogenization of Ozone Sonde Data
(Version 2.0: 12 October 2012)

SI2N/O3S-DQA Activity:

Guide Lines for Homogenization of Ozone Sonde Data

(Version 2.0: 19 November 2012)

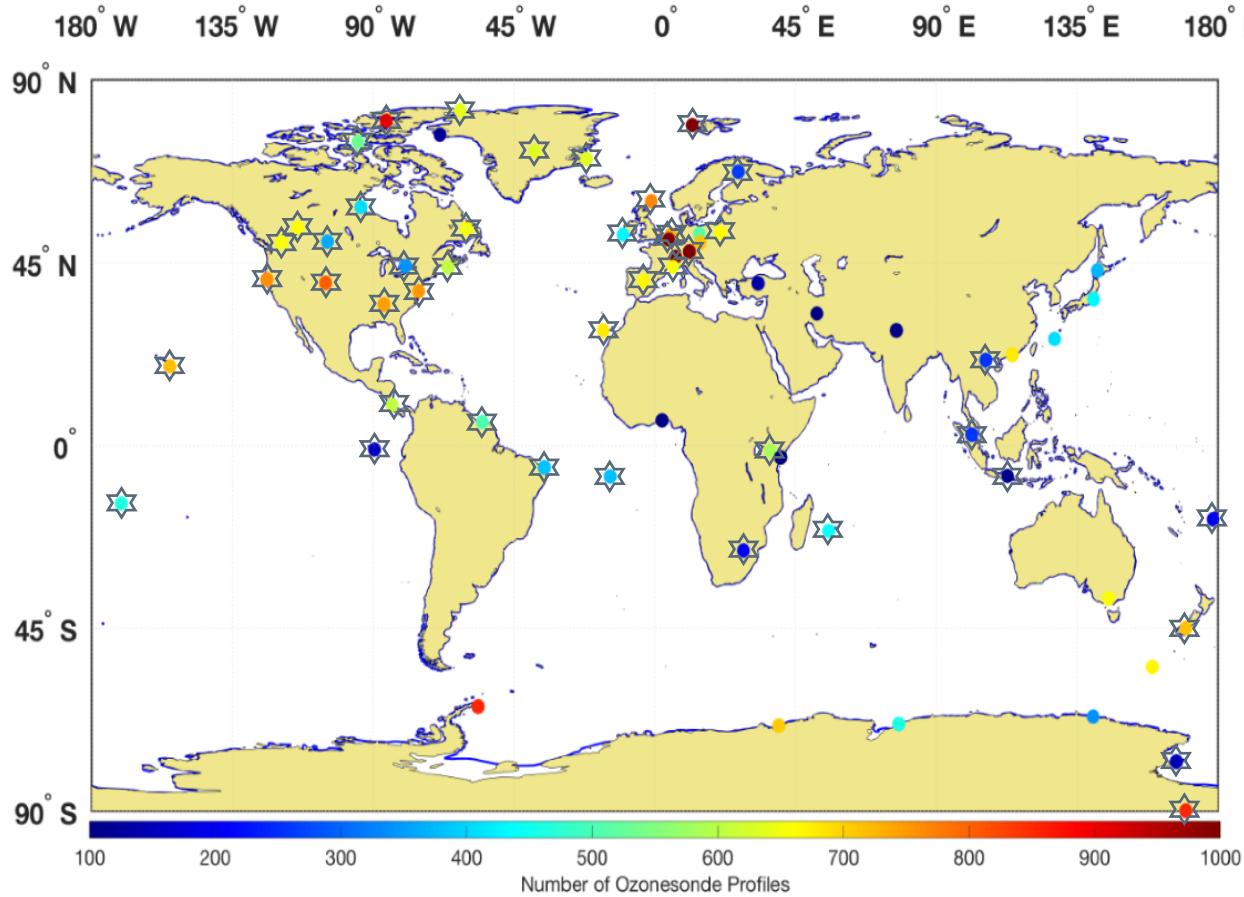
Prepared
by

O3S-DQA panel members on homogenization of O3S-data
(Herman Smit, Sam Oltmans, Terry Desler, David Tarasick, Bryan Johnson,
Frank Schmidlin, Rene Stuebi, Jonathan Davies)

Activity as part of
SPARC-IGACO-IOC Assessment
(SI2N)

"Past Changes in the Vertical Distribution of Ozone"

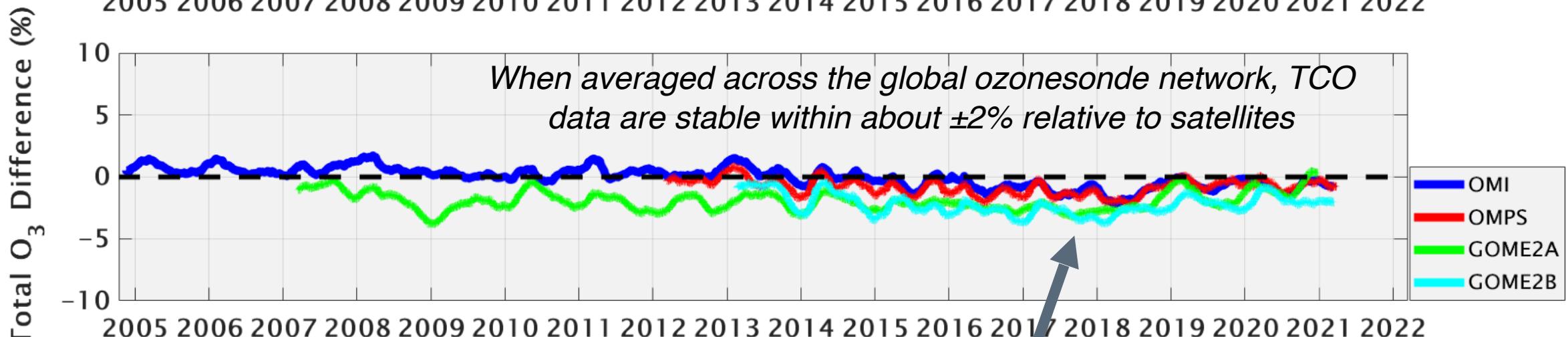
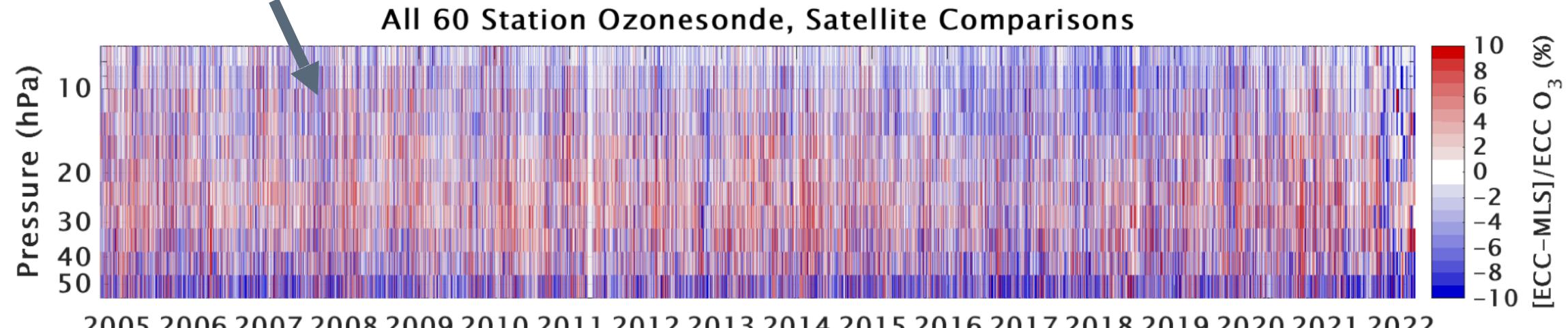
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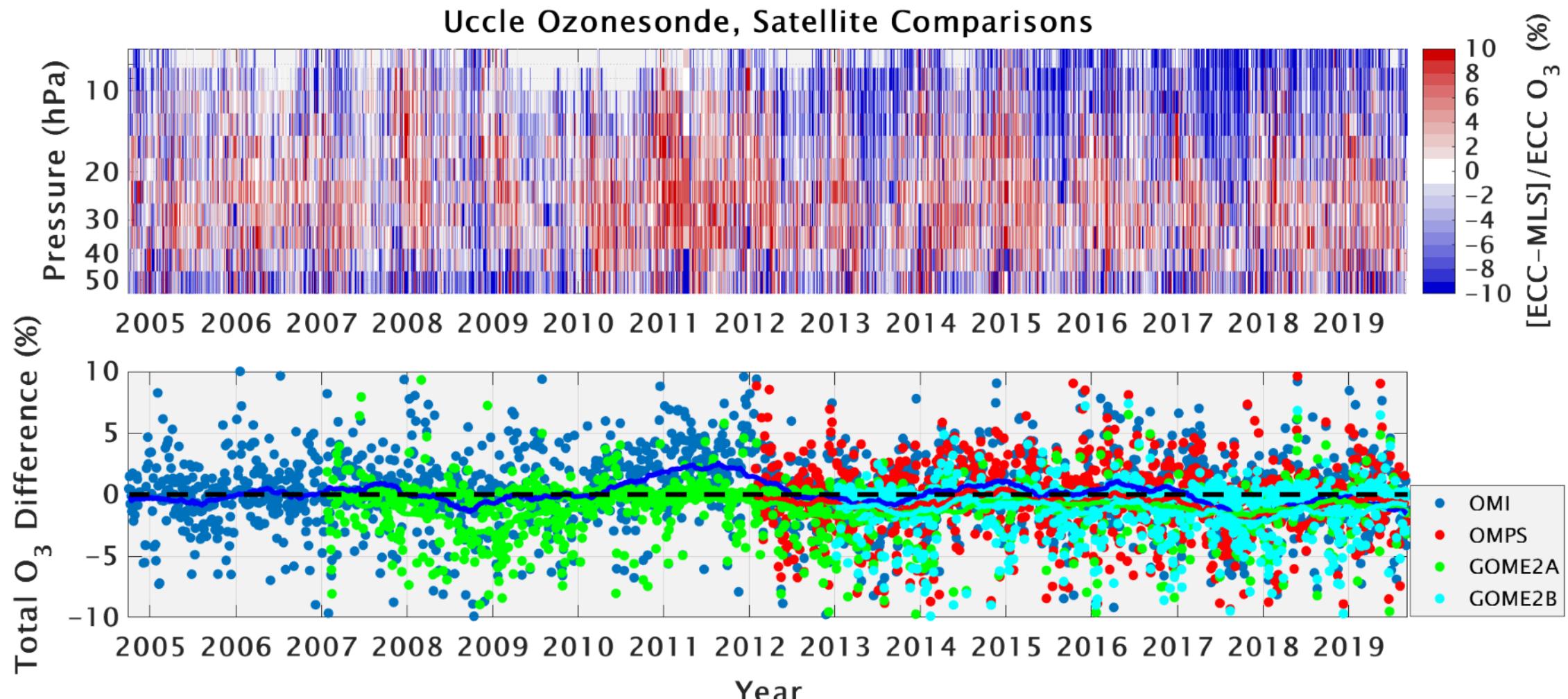
- ✓ 45 from around 60 “active” sites have been homogenized (stars), around 10 of these by RMI (code available)
- ✓ remaining: Japanese, Asian, Australian, some EU and Antarctic sites.
- ✓ Publications:
 - Tarasick et al., AMT, 2016
 - Van Malderen et al., AMT, 2016
 - Witte et al., JGR 2017, 2018, 2019
 - Thompson et al., JGR, 2017
 - Deshler et al., AMT, 2017
 - Sterling et al., AMT, 2018
 - Ancellet et al., AMT, 2022
 - ...

4. Continuous Quality Monitoring

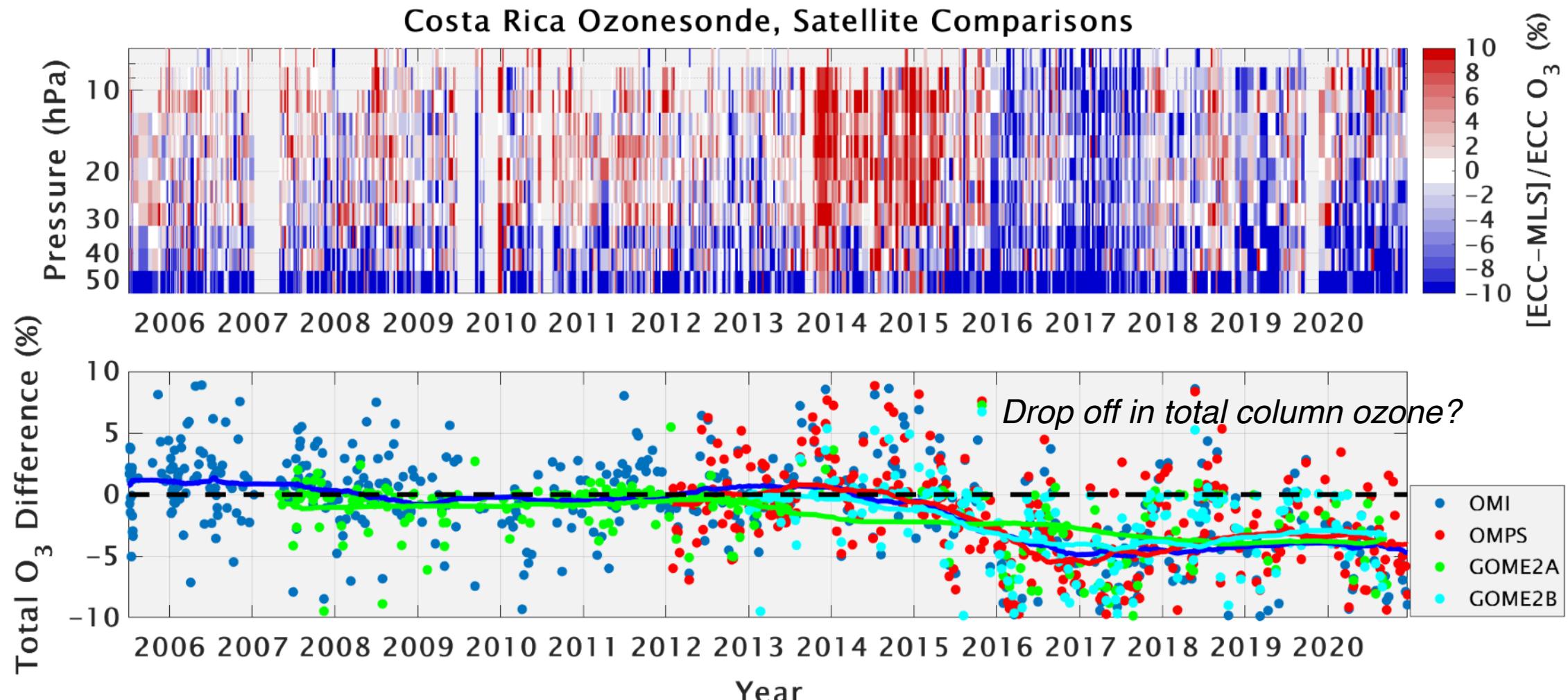
Comparisons with Aura MLS on MLS pressure levels. **Red** = sonde higher, **Blue** = sonde lower



4. Continuous Quality Monitoring

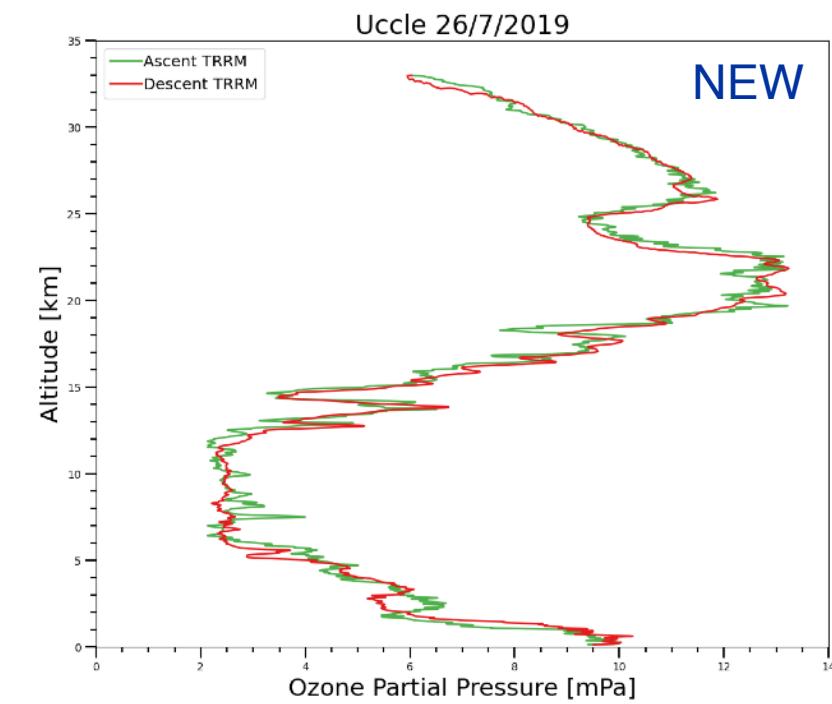
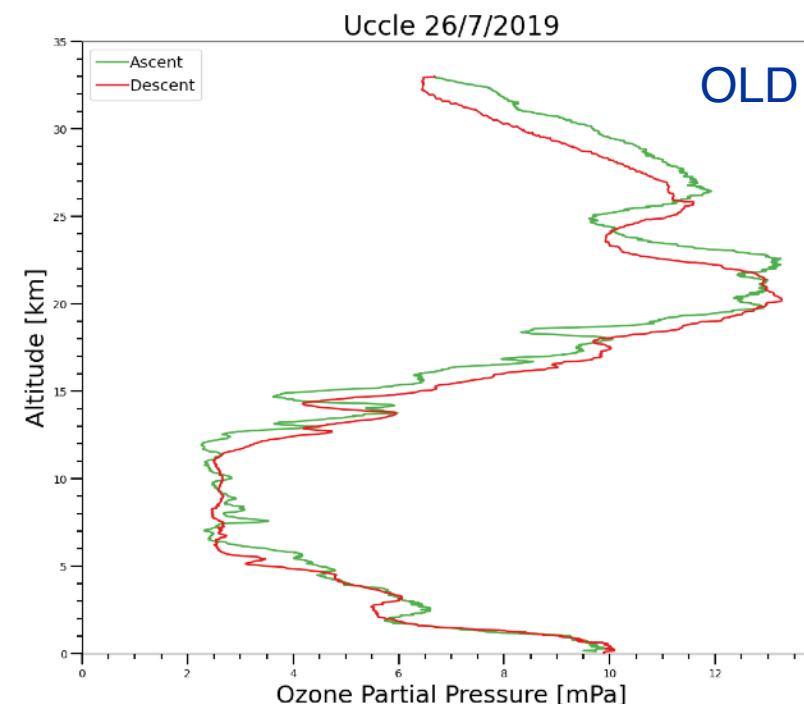


4. Continuous Quality Monitoring



- ✓ QA/QC of the global ozonesonde network relies on knowledge and understanding of the instrument, gathered in the **simulation chamber**, with the presence of a **reference ozone photometer**
 - traceability to reference instrument
- ✓ WMO/GAW **Report** by panel of ozonesonde **experts** (ASOPOS), with recommendations on operating procedures, data processing, data quality indicators, (meta)data archiving, etc.
- ✓ **Implementation** of these recommendations in the global network by means of webinars, interactive regional meetups with station PIs, coaching by ASOPOS members, etc.
- ✓ Implementation of recommendations on data processing by **homogenization** activity: re-processing of historical data records
- ✓ Continuous **monitoring** of global **data quality** by comparison with satellite/ground-based measurements of ozone

- ✓ new data processing, based on all the previous JOSIE data (resolving two time constants in the ozonesonde signal)
- ✓ new small JOSIE intercomparison in fall 2023
- ✓ new data format (HDF), compliant with enhanced (meta)data archiving
- ✓ near-real time data delivery and quality monitoring tool



THANK YOU

Het Koninklijk
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The RMI provides reliable public service realized by empowered staff and based on research, innovation and continuity.

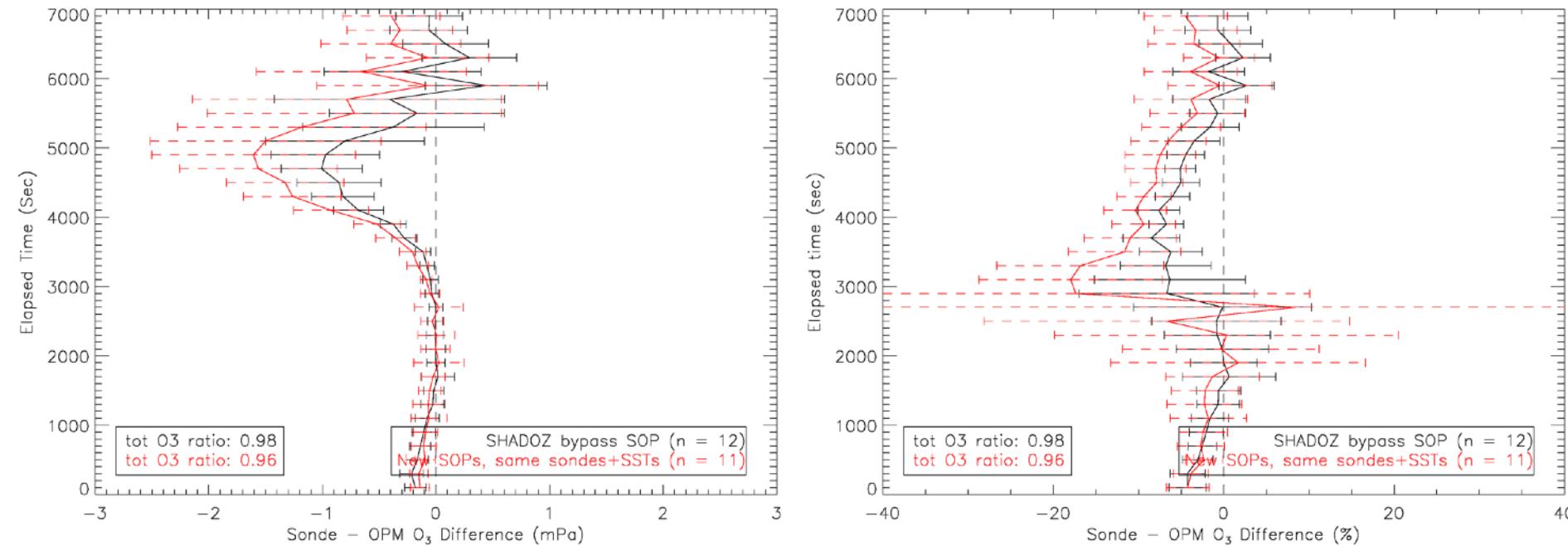
Het KMI verleent een betrouwbare dienstverlening aan het publiek en de overheid gebaseerd op onderzoek, innovatie en continuïteit.

L'IRM fournit un service fiable basé sur la recherche, l'innovation et la continuité au public et aux autorités.

Vertrauenswürdige Dienstleistungen für Öffentlichkeit und Behörden begründet auf Forschung, Innovation und Kontinuität.

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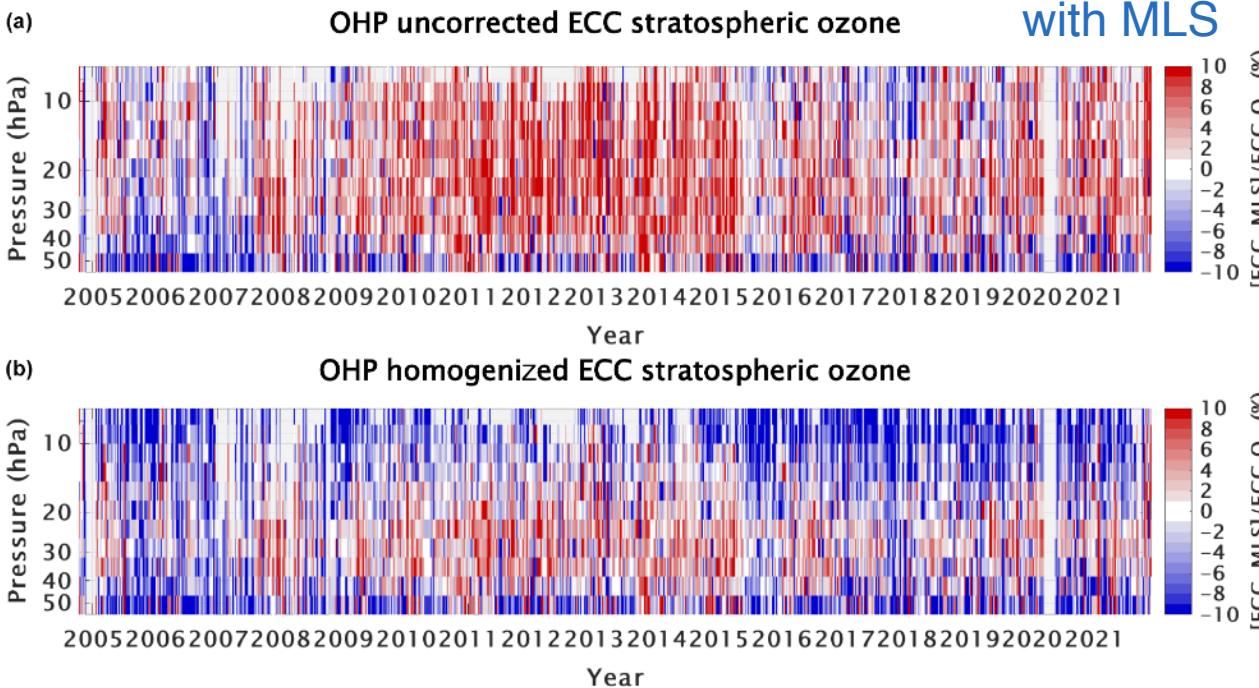
JOSIE 2017



→ only difference: preparation procedures!

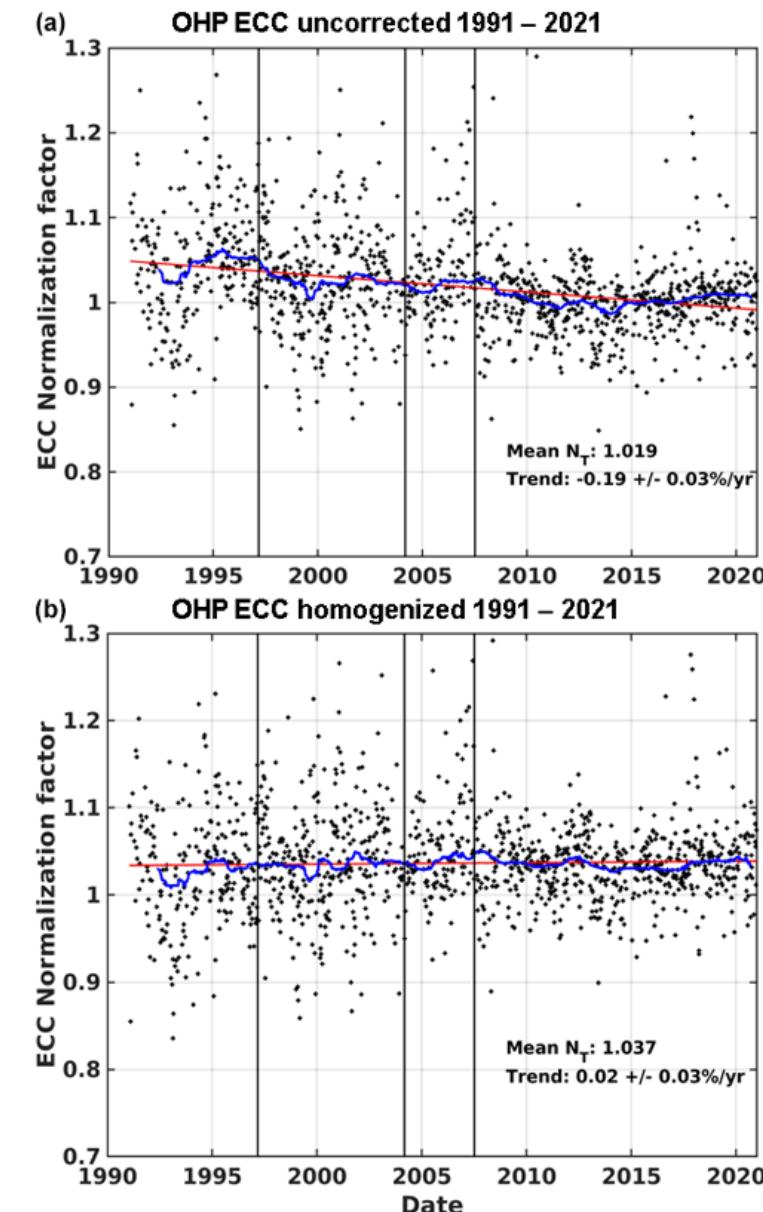
3. O3S-DQA on homogenization

Observatoire Haute Provence



- ✓ Homogenization improves comparison with MLS and decreases trend/variability in total ozone normalization factors!
- ✓ But larger negative bias of ECC TCO compared to spectrophotometer TCO.

Ancellet et al., AMT, 2022

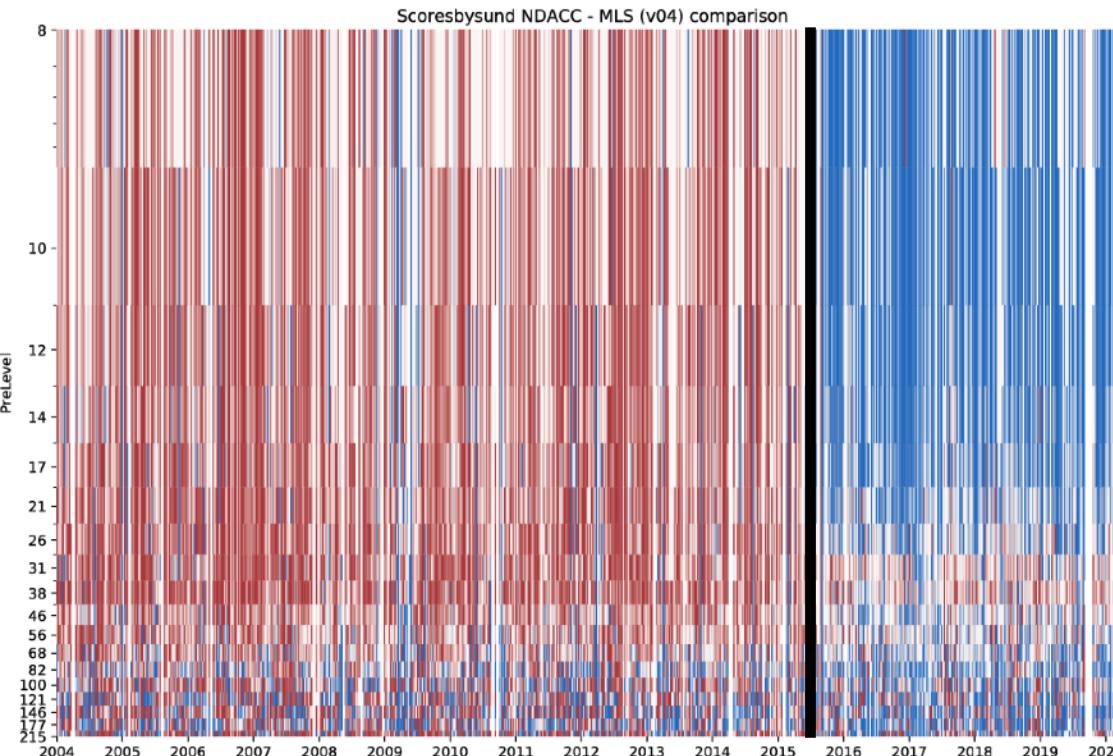


Total Column
Ozone
comparison
spectro-
meter

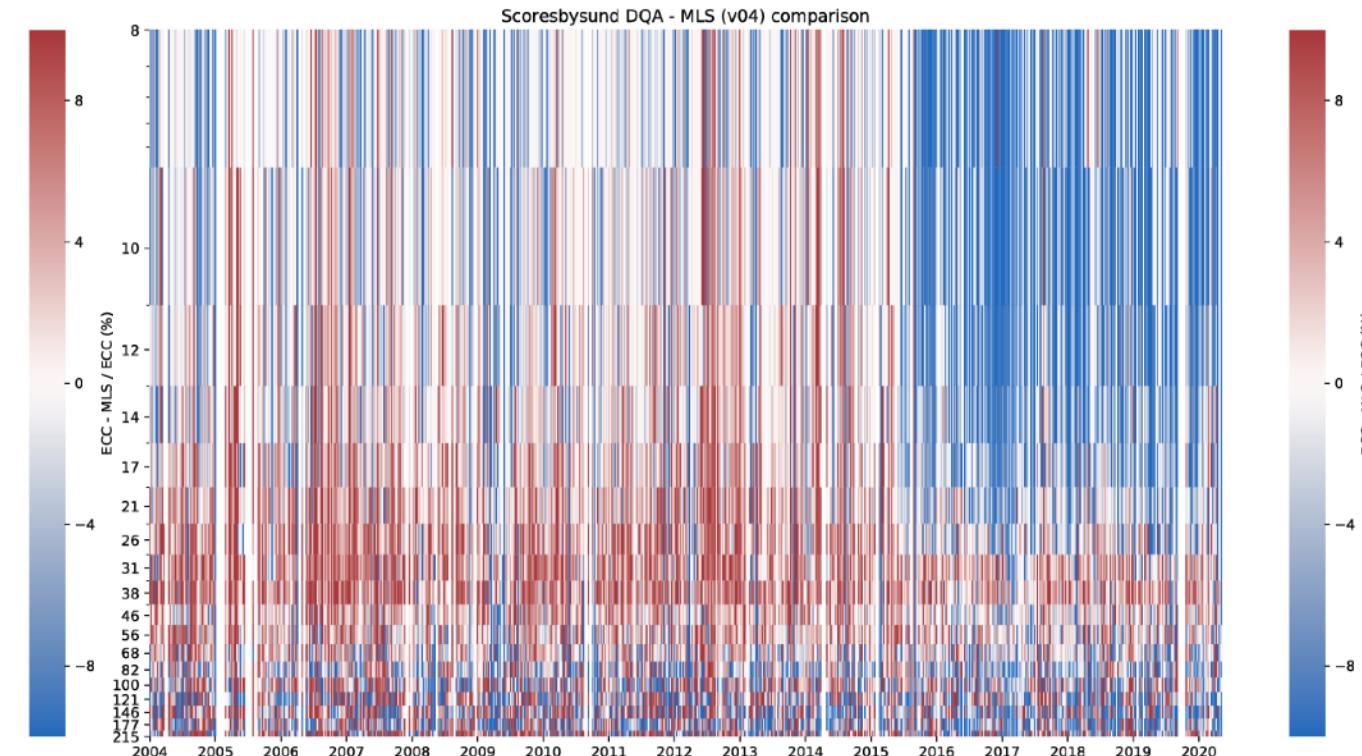
3. O3S-DQA on homogenization

Scoresbysund (Greenland)

Uncorrected



Comparison with MLS



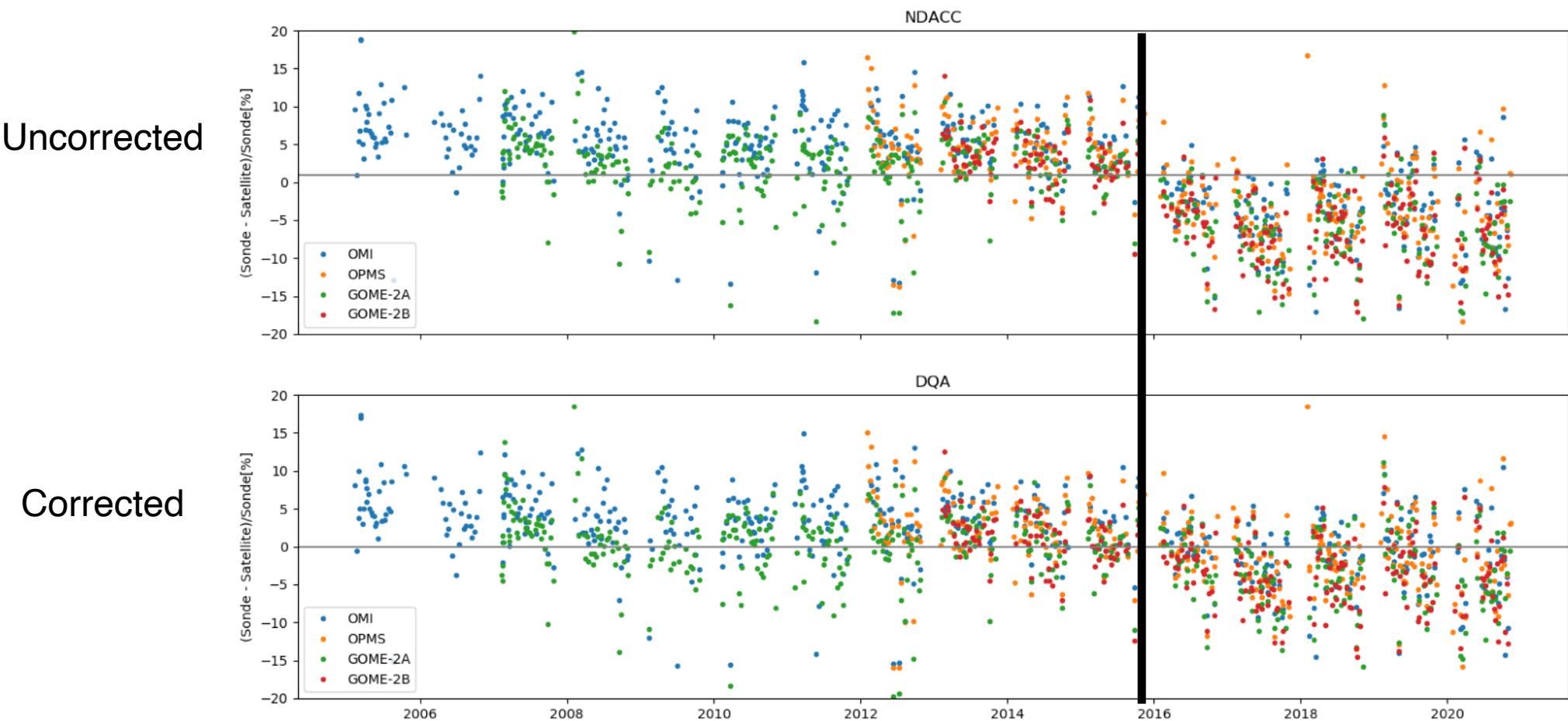
Corrected

start of application of transfer function to
network standard (En-Sci 1.0 → En-Sci 0.5)

3. O3S-DQA on homogenization

Scoresbysund (Greenland)

Total Column Ozone comparison with OMI, OMPS, GOME-2 (satellites)



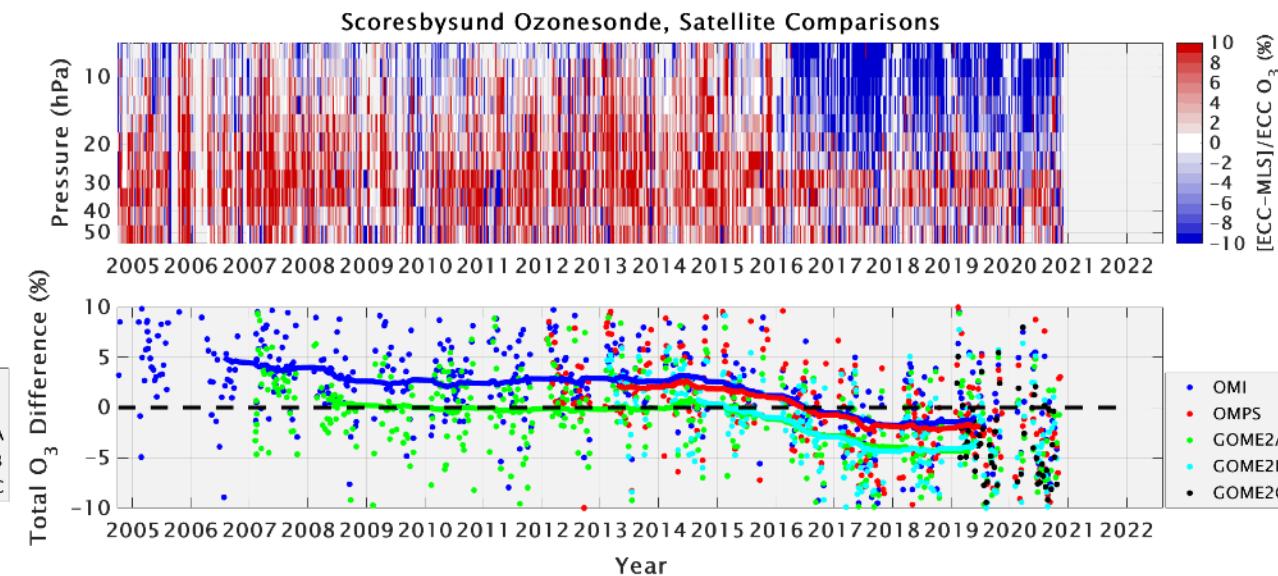
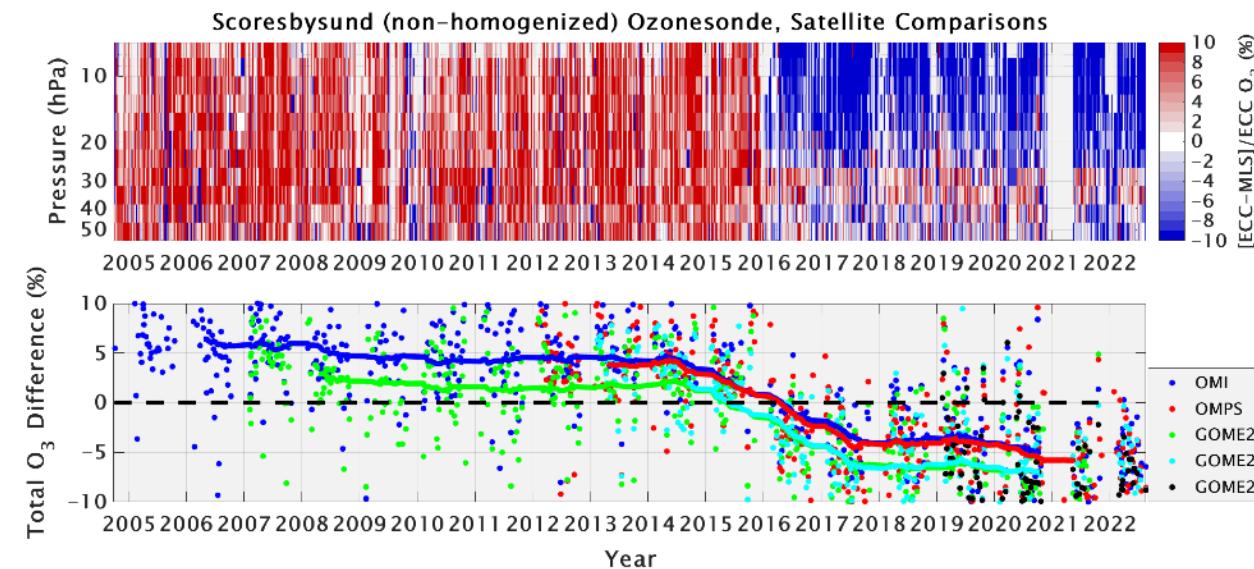
3. O3S-DQA on homogenization

Scoresbysund (Greenland)

Uncorrected

Comparisons with Aura MLS on MLS pressure levels. **Red** = sonde higher, **Blue** = sonde lower

Corrected



Satellite total ozone comparisons (500 pt. moving averages)

4. Continuous Quality Monitoring

Satellite total ozone comparisons (500 pt. moving averages)

