

SPACE WEATHER INTRODUCTORY COURSE



Collaboration of



Solar-Terrestrial Centre of Excellence



Koninklijke luchtmacht



Koninklijk Nederlands
Meteorologisch Instituut
Ministerie van Infrastructuur en Milieu



Space Weather into practice – URSIgram exercises

Jan Janssens



SIDC URSIGRAM 30515

SIDC SOLAR BULLETIN 15 May 2013, 1205UT

SIDC FORECAST (valid from 1230UT, 15 May 2013 until 17 May 2013)

SOLAR FLARES : Major flares expected (X-class flares expected, probability >=50%)

GEOMAGNETISM : Active conditions expected (A>=20 or K=4)

SOLAR PROTONS : Proton event expected (10 pfu at >10 MeV)

PREDICTIONS FOR 15 May 2013 10CM FLUX: 150 / AP: 017

PREDICTIONS FOR 16 May 2013 10CM FLUX: 152 / AP: 014

PREDICTIONS FOR 17 May 2013 10CM FLUX: 153 / AP: 011

COMMENT: A class X1.2 solar flare occurred today with peak time 01:48 UT, from NOAA AR 1748 which has a beta-gamma-delta magnetic configuration. It was associated with radio bursts and an increase of GOES proton flux levels, now at 5 protons/cm²-s-sr, the threshold of 10 protons/cm²-s-sr will likely be reached soon (at >=10 MeV). The increases in proton flux likely come from the CME driven shock. If the strong flares from this AR continue, the proton increases will likely be more abrupt when the magnetic connection between the flare site and the Earth is better (i.e. when the AR is in the western hemisphere). A CME was associated with the event, a shock and glancing blow can probably be expected at the Earth late on May 16 (CME speed 1700 km/s in LASCO C2).

Geomagnetic conditions are quiet, but ACE data shows a disturbance starting this morning, with currently magnetic intensity close to 15 nT (northwards, so no geomagnetic effect). There is not enough data yet to discern clearly its cause, but it is likely related to the CME on May 12 (and possibly those from the two previous days related to X-flares from NOAA AR 1748). Geomagnetic conditions are expected to be unsettled to active, with possible isolated minor storm periods.

TODAY'S ESTIMATED ISN : 099, BASED ON 11 STATIONS.

SOLAR INDICES FOR 14 May 2013

WOLF NUMBER CATANIA : 176

10CM SOLAR FLUX : 148

AK CHAMBON LA FORET : 012

AK WINGST : 009

ESTIMATED AP : 008

ESTIMATED ISN : 102, BASED ON 14 STATIONS.

NOTICEABLE EVENTS SUMMARY

DAY	BEGIN	MAX	END	LOC	XRAY	OP	10CM	RADIO BURST TYPES	Catania NOAA NOTE
15	0125	0148	0158	N12E64	X1.2	2N		IV/2II/1	1748

END

URSIgram – Exercise 1

- **Setting**
 - You have received the above URSIgram. It is now 18:00UT on 15 May 2013. You have to brief your SWx colleagues.
- **Questions – Part 1 of 2: Reading-Comprehension questions**
 - Was the X1.2 flare: a) a strong flare (which class)? b) a long duration event (LDE)?
 - What kind of radio burst (SRB) is type «IV/2II/1»?
 - ‘Active geomagnetic conditions’ correspond to which NOAA scale?
 - ‘ protons/cm²-s-sr ’ : This is the unit for which parameter? What is the short notation for this unit?
 - Despite the relatively strong magnetic field strength of 15 nT, no strong geomagnetic effects were recorded from this CME. Why?
 - ‘ Beta-Gamma-Delta ’: What’s the name of the corresponding active region classification scheme? What is the simplest type possible?
 - For the geomagnetic prediction of 15 May, why is A \geq 20 while Ap=17?
 - What is being evaluated under the column « OP »?



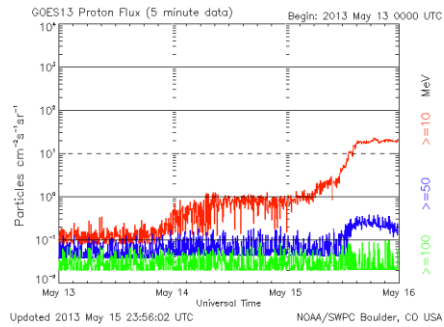
URSIgram – Exercise 1

- **Setting**
 - You have received the above URSIgram. It is now 18:00UT on 15 May 2013. You have to brief your SWx colleagues.
- **Questions – Part 2 of 2: SWx impact questions**
 - Has the >10MeV proton event threshold been reached? If yes, what would be your communications advice concerning a Dutch fregate operating north of Iceland?
 - You received a report from Gilze-Rijen Air Base (The Netherlands) about HF radio communication problems around 01:45UT. Do you think they were related to the X1.2 flare?
 - With the LASCO/C2 data now fully available, do you agree (part of) the CME is headed for Earth? Why (not)?
 - Was the X1.2 event a Tenflare? Do you think the 10.7 cm radio flux of 20:00UT will be affected?
 - « ... possible isolated minor storm periods. » Do you expect important satellite communications problems?



URSIgram – Exercise 1

- Question 1:
 - Has the >10MeV proton event threshold been reached? If yes, what would be your communications advice concerning a Dutch submarine operating north of Iceland?



S 4	Severe	<p>Biological: Unavoidable radiation hazard to astronauts on EVA; passengers and crew in high-flying aircraft at high latitudes may be exposed to radiation risk.</p> <p>Satellite operations: May experience memory device problems and noise on imaging systems; star-tracker problems may cause orientation problems, and solar panel efficiency can be degraded.</p> <p>Other systems: Blackout of HF radio communications through the polar regions and increased navigation errors over several days are likely.</p>
S 3	Strong	<p>Biological: Radiation hazard avoidance recommended for astronauts on EVA; passengers and crew in high-flying aircraft at high latitudes may be exposed to radiation risk.</p> <p>Satellite operations: Single-event upsets, noise in imaging systems, and slight reduction of efficiency in solar panel are likely.</p> <p>Other systems: Degraded HF radio propagation through the polar regions and navigation position errors likely.</p>
S 2	Moderate	<p>Biological: Passengers and crew in high-flying aircraft at high latitudes may be exposed to elevated radiation risk.</p> <p>Satellite operations: Infrequent single-event upsets possible.</p> <p>Other systems: Small effects on HF propagation through the polar regions and navigation at polar cap locations possibly affected.</p>
S 1	Minor	<p>Biological: None.</p> <p>Satellite operations: None.</p> <p>Other systems: Minor impacts on HF radio in the polar regions.</p>

Real-time: <https://www.swpc.noaa.gov/products/goes-proton-flux>

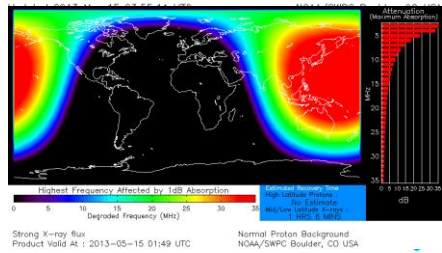
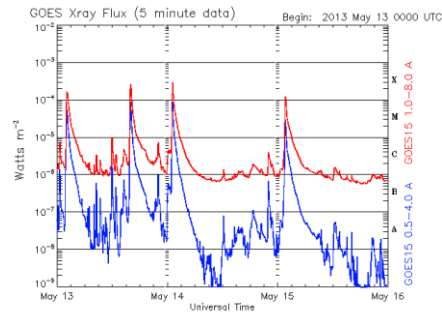
Nowcast e.g. COMESEP: <https://swe.ssa.esa.int/bira-comesep-federated>

Nowcast e.g. D-RAP: <https://www.swpc.noaa.gov/products/d-region-absorption-predictions-d-rap>

Archive at <ftp://ftp.swpc.noaa.gov/pub/warehouse/>

URSIgram – Exercise 1

- Question 2:
 - You received a report from Gilze-Rijen Air Base (The Netherlands) about HF radio communication problems on 15 May around 01:45UT. Do you think they were related to the X1.2 flare?



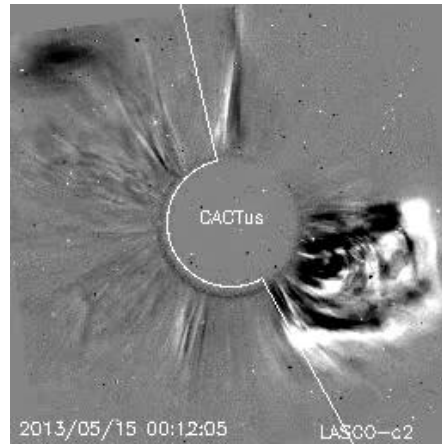
Real-time: <https://www.swpc.noaa.gov/products/goes-x-ray-flux>

Nowcast e.g. D-RAP: <https://www.swpc.noaa.gov/products/d-region-absorption-predictions-d-rap>

Archive at <ftp://ftp.swpc.noaa.gov/pub/warehouse/>

URSIgram – Exercise 1

- Question 3:
 - With the LASCO/C2 data now fully available, do you agree (part of) the CME is headed for Earth? Why (not)?



Real-time data at <https://www.sidc.be/cactus/out/latestCMEs.html>

Archive at <https://www.sidc.be/cactus/catalog.php>

Movie of this event at https://www.sidc.be/cactus/catalog/LASCO/2_5_0/2013/05/CME0079/CME.html

URSIgram – Exercise 1

- Question 4:
 - Was the X1.2 event a Tenflare? Do you think the 10.7 cm radio flux of 20:00UT will be affected?

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:Created: 2013 May 18 0332 UT
:Date: 2013 05 15
# Prepared by the U.S. Dept. of Commerce, NOAA, Space Weather Prediction Center
# Please send comments and suggestions to SWPC.Website@noaa.gov
#
# Missing data: ////
# Updated every 30 minutes.
#
# Edited Events for 2013 May 15
#
#Event Begin Max End Obs Q Type Loc/Frq Particulars Reg#
#-----
5160 0124 0140 0230 LEA 3 F1A N12E64 2N ERU 1748
5160 0125 0148 0158 G15 5 XRA 1-SA X1.2 1.2E-01 1748
5160 + 0127 //// 0148 CUL C RSP 400-00* IV/2 1748
5160 + 0127 0130 0142 LEA G RBR 410 240 1748
5160 + 0129 0134 0146 LEA G RBR 1415 300 1748
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5160 + 0136 0141 0154 LEA G RBR 15400 920 1748
5160 + 0136 0143 0151 LEA G RBR 4995 1000 1748
5160 + 0137 //// 0145 LEA C RSP 073-180 II/1 501 1748

:Product: 0516SGAS.txt
:Issued: 2013 May 16 0245 UTC
# Prepared jointly by the U.S. Dept. of Commerce, NOAA,
# Space Weather Prediction Center and the U.S. Air Force.
#
Joint USAF/NOAA Solar and Geophysical Activity Summary
SGAS Number 136 Issued at 0245Z on 16 May 2013
This report is compiled from data received at SWO on 15 May
A. Energetic Events
Begin Max End Rgn Loc Xray Op 245MHz 10cm Sweep
0125 0148 0158 1748 N12E64 X1.2 2n 430 440 II/IV
B. Proton Events: A Greater than 10 MeV Proton event occurred at
15/1535Z, reached a peak flux of 23 pfu, and was ongoing as of the
writing of this summary.
    
```

Real-time at <https://www.swpc.noaa.gov/products/solar-and-geophysical-event-reports>

Summary at <https://www.swpc.noaa.gov/products/solar-and-geophysical-activity-summary>

Archive at <ftp://ftp.swpc.noaa.gov/pub/warehouse/>

The daily values for the 10.7cm radio flux can be found at

Penticton: <https://www.spaceweather.ca/forecast-previous/solar-solaire/solarflux/sx-4a-en.php>

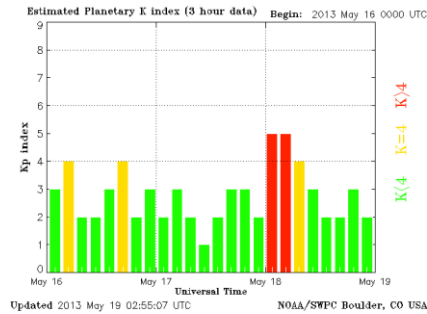
SWPC/NOAA: <ftp://ftp.swpc.noaa.gov/pub/lists/radio/rad.txt>

For 14 & 15 May, the Penticton values were as follows:

Date	Time	Julian day	Carr. Rot.	Observed Flux	Adjusted Flux	URSI Flux
2013-05-14	17:00:00	2456427.197	2136.996	148.1	151.4	136.2
2013-05-14	20:00:00	2456427.322	2137.001	147.9	151.1	136.0
2013-05-14	23:00:00	2456427.447	2137.005	147.8	151.0	135.9
2013-05-15	17:00:00	2456428.197	2137.033	141.8	144.9	130.4
2013-05-15	20:00:00	2456428.322	2137.037	145.6	148.8	133.9
2013-05-15	23:00:00	2456428.447	2137.042	148.7	152.0	136.8

URSIgram – Exercise 1

- Question 5:
 - « ... possible isolated minor storm periods. »
 Do you expect important satellite communications problems?



G 3	Strong	<p>Power systems: Voltage corrections may be required, false alarms triggered on some protection devices.</p> <p>Spacecraft operations: Surface charging may occur on satellite components, drag may increase on low-Earth-orbit satellites, and corrections may be needed for orientation problems.</p> <p>Other systems: Intermittent satellite navigation and low-frequency radio navigation problems may occur, HF radio may be intermittent, and aurora has been seen as low as Illinois and Oregon (typically 50° geomagnetic lat.).</p>
G 2	Moderate	<p>Power systems: High-latitude power systems may experience voltage alarms, long-duration storms may cause transformer damage.</p> <p>Spacecraft operations: Corrective actions to orientation may be required by ground control; possible changes in drag affect orbit predictions.</p> <p>Other systems: HF radio propagation can fade at higher latitudes, and aurora has been seen as low as New York and Idaho (typically 55° geomagnetic lat.).</p>
G 1	Minor	<p>Power systems: Weak power grid fluctuations can occur.</p> <p>Spacecraft operations: Minor impact on satellite operations possible.</p> <p>Other systems: Migratory animals are affected at this and higher levels; aurora is commonly visible at high latitudes (northern Michigan and Maine).</p>



Real-time:

NOAA Kp: <https://www.swpc.noaa.gov/products/planetary-k-index>

K Dourbes, K BEL: http://ionosphere.meteo.be/geomagnetism/K_BEL/

Dst: [http://wdc.kugi.kyoto-](http://wdc.kugi.kyoto-u.ac.jp/dst_realtime/presentmonth/index.html)

[u.ac.jp/dst_realtime/presentmonth/index.html](http://wdc.kugi.kyoto-u.ac.jp/dst_realtime/presentmonth/index.html)

DSCOVR: <https://www.swpc.noaa.gov/products/real-time-solar-wind>

TEC (DLR, ROB/GNSS): <https://impc.dlr.de/products> ;

http://gnss.be/Atmospheric_Maps/ionospheric_maps.php

Archive at <ftp://ftp.swpc.noaa.gov/pub/warehouse/>

SIDC URSIGRAM 50623
 SIDC SOLAR BULLETIN 23 Jun 2015, 1242UT
 SIDC FORECAST (valid from 1230UT, 23 Jun 2015 until 25 Jun 2015)
 SOLAR FLARES : M-class flares expected (probability >=50%)
 GEOMAGNETISM : Major magstorm expected (A>=50 or K>=6)
 SOLAR PROTONS : Proton event in progress (>10 MeV)
 PREDICTIONS FOR 23 Jun 2015 10CM FLUX: 135 / AP: 038
 PREDICTIONS FOR 24 Jun 2015 10CM FLUX: 130 / AP: 038
 PREDICTIONS FOR 25 Jun 2015 10CM FLUX: 125 / AP: 018
 COMMENT: NOAA active region 2371 produced an M6.5 flare, peaking at 18:23 UT on June 22. An associated full halo CME erupted, with first measurement in LASCO C2 at 18:36 UT on June 22 and has a projected speed around 1000 km/s. A few filament eruptions were recorded in the Northwest quadrant, first a small one around 22:00 UT and then an extended one starting near 4:24 UT. Coronagraphic data indicate the occurrence of (mainly westward) CMEs, but incomplete data currently prohibit full analysis.

Proton levels have descended from the peak of 1070 pfu (19UT), despite some smaller peaks and are around 30 pfu at the moment. NOAA AR 2367 is now close to the West limb and could, in case of further eruptions, elevate the proton levels again. The proton levels might also be enhanced at the expected June 22 CME arrival. Flares at the M-level are expected, with some chance (15%) for a flare at the X-level.

A shock arrived to the ACE spacecraft at 18:01 UT on June 22, marking the expected arrival of the June 21 CME. The interplanetary magnetic field (IMF) magnitude jumped to 42 nT, with long periods of negative Bz down to -39 nT. Solar wind speeds reached values between 600 and 780 km/s. The IMF magnitude has declined to a current value of 12 nT.

Minor to severe geomagnetic conditions were recorded, with severe levels between 18 and 21 UT (on June 22) and between 3 and 6 UT (on June 23). The local K at Dourbes reached K=8 at 22 UT (on June 22). A decline to unsettled levels is expected for the coming hours. Further minor to major storm levels are expected, following the expected arrival of June 22 CME around 12:00 UT on June 24.

TODAY'S ESTIMATED ISN : 042, BASED ON 14 STATIONS.

SOLAR INDICES FOR 22 Jun 2015
 WOLF NUMBER CATANIA : 083
 10CM SOLAR FLUX : 135
 AK CHAMBON LA FORET : 108
 AK WINGST : ///
 ESTIMATED AP : 073
 ESTIMATED ISN : 047, BASED ON 23 STATIONS.

NOTICEABLE EVENTS SUMMARY
 DAY BEGIN MAX END LOC XRAY OP 10CM Catania/NOAA RADIO_BURST_TYPES
 22 1739 1823 1851 N12W08 M6.5 2B 1000 92/2371 II/1
 END

URSIgram – Exercise 2

- **Setting**

- You have received the above URSIgram (23 June 2015 – 12:42UT). You have to brief your SWx colleagues.

- **Questions**

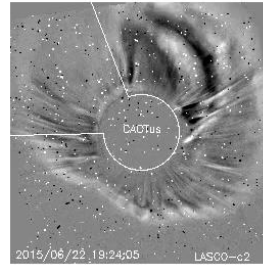
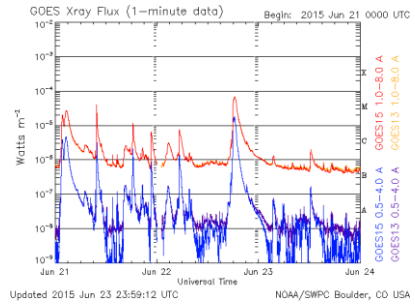
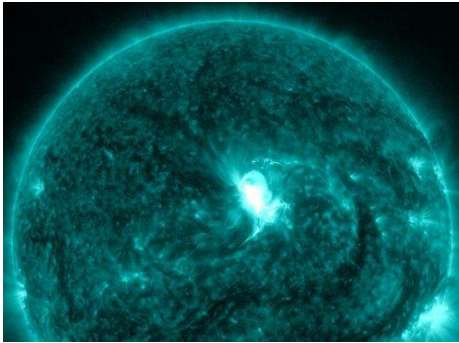
- Where on the solar surface did the M6 flare take place?
- How would you characterize the solar activity level (very low, ... , very high) over the last 24 hours?
- Did the M6 flare affect the daily 10.7cm radio flux of 22 June?
- A proton event is in progress.
 - Do you (still) expect a GLE?
 - What would you recommend concerning arctic polar flights?
- In terms of Dst, how strong would you expect this event to be (Quiet, ... , Extreme)?
- Based on the description of the geomagnetic storm:
 - Would you expect major satellite problems from deep di-electric charging?
 - Would you expect degradation of GNSS applications (WAAS,...)?

12



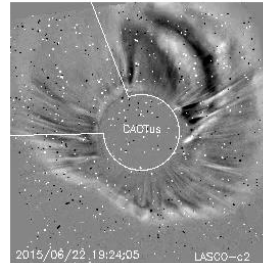
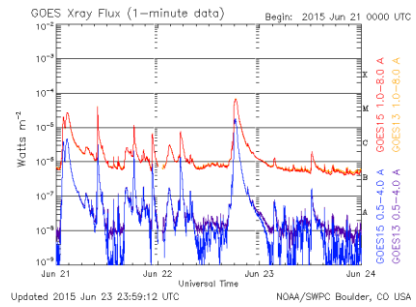
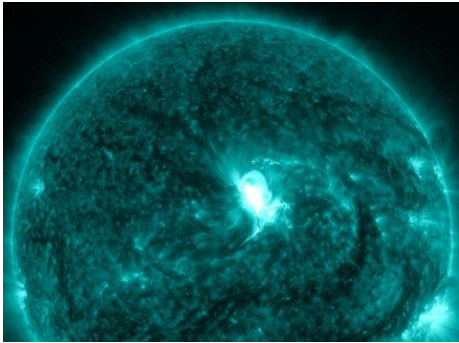
URSIgram – Exercise 2

- Where on the solar surface did the M6 flare take place?



URSIgram – Exercise 2

- How would you characterize the solar activity level (very low, ... , very high) over the last 24 hours?



URSIgram – Exercise 2

- Did the M6 flare affect the daily 10.7cm radio flux of 22 June?

TODAY'S ESTIMATED ISN : 042, BASED ON 14 STATIONS.

SOLAR INDICES FOR 22 Jun 2015
 WOLF NUMBER CATANIA : 083
 10CM SOLAR FLUX :
 AK CHAMBON LA FORET : 108
 AK WINGST : ///
 ESTIMATED AP : 073
 ESTIMATED ISN : 047, BASED ON 23 STATIONS.

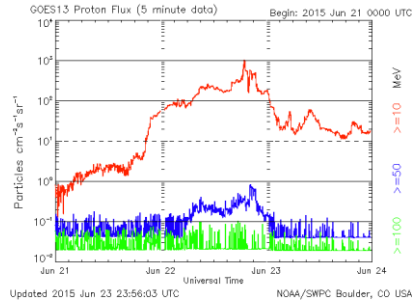
NOTICEABLE EVENTS SUMMARY
 DAY BEGIN MAX END LOC XRAY OP 10CM Catania/NOAA RADIO_BURST_TYPES
 22 1739 1823 1851 N12W08 M6.5 2B 1000 92/2371 II/1

Date	Time	Julian day	Carrington rotation	Observed Flux	Adjusted Flux	URSI Flux
2015-06-20	17:00:00	2457194.197	2165.117	134.4	138.8	124.9
2015-06-20	20:00:00	2457194.322	2165.121	135.4	139.8	125.8
2015-06-20	23:00:00	2457194.447	2165.126	134.0	138.4	124.5
2015-06-21	17:00:00	2457195.197	2165.153	133.0	137.4	123.6
2015-06-21	20:00:00	2457195.322	2165.158	131.7	136.0	122.4
2015-06-21	23:00:00	2457195.447	2165.163	128.6	132.8	119.5
2015-06-22	17:00:00	2457196.197	2165.190	130.1	134.3	120.9
2015-06-22	20:00:00	2457196.322	2165.195	246.9	255.0	229.5
2015-06-22	23:00:00	2457196.447	2165.199	127.2	131.3	118.2
2015-06-23	17:00:00	2457197.197	2165.227	116.5	120.3	108.3
2015-06-23	20:00:00	2457197.322	2165.231	116.1	119.9	107.9
2015-06-23	23:00:00	2457197.447	2165.236	116.6	120.4	108.4



URSIgram – Exercise 2

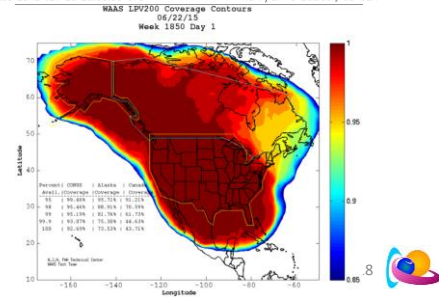
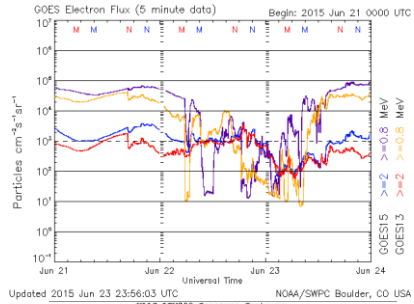
- A proton event is in progress.
 - Do you (still) expect a GLE?
 - What would you recommend concerning arctic polar flights?



S 4	Severe	<p>Biological: Unavoidable radiation hazard to astronauts on EVA; passengers and crew in high-flying aircraft at high latitudes may be exposed to radiation risk.</p> <p>Satellite operations: May experience memory device problems and noise on imaging systems; star-tracker problems may cause orientation problems, and solar panel efficiency can be degraded.</p> <p>Other systems: Blackout of HF radio communications through the polar regions and increased navigation errors over several days are likely.</p>
S 3	Strong	<p>Biological: Radiation hazard avoidance recommended for astronauts on EVA; passengers and crew in high-flying aircraft at high latitudes may be exposed to radiation risk.</p> <p>Satellite operations: Single-event upsets, noise in imaging systems, and slight reduction of efficiency in solar panel are likely.</p> <p>Other systems: Degraded HF radio propagation through the polar regions and navigation position errors likely.</p>
S 2	Moderate	<p>Biological: Passengers and crew in high-flying aircraft at high latitudes may be exposed to elevated radiation risk.</p> <p>Satellite operations: Infrequent single-event upsets possible.</p> <p>Other systems: Small effects on HF propagation through the polar regions and navigation at polar cap locations possibly affected.</p>
S 1	Minor	<p>Biological: None.</p> <p>Satellite operations: None.</p> <p>Other systems: Minor impacts on HF radio in the polar regions.</p>

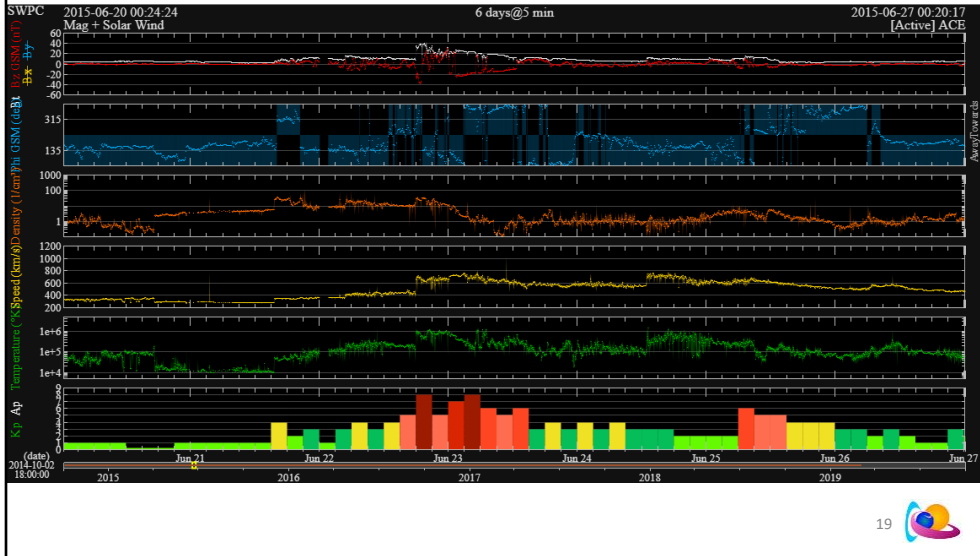
URSIgram – Exercise 2

- Based on the description of the geomagnetic storm:
 - Would you expect major satellite problems from deep di-electric charging?
 - Would you expect degradation of GNSS applications (WAAS,...)?



<https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/engineering/augmentation-system>

URSIgram – Exercise 2



SIDC URSIGRAM 30424
SIDC SOLAR BULLETIN 24 Apr 2023, 1236UT
SIDC FORECAST (valid from 1230UT, 24 Apr 2023 until 26 Apr 2023)
SOLAR FLARES : C-class flares expected, (probability >=50%)
GEOMAGNETISM : Minor storm expected (A>=30 or K=5)
SOLAR PROTONS : Quiet
PREDICTIONS FOR 24 Apr 2023 10CM FLUX: 133 / AP: 051
PREDICTIONS FOR 25 Apr 2023 10CM FLUX: 140 / AP: 018
PREDICTIONS FOR 26 Apr 2023 10CM FLUX: 145 / AP: 010
COMMENT: Solar flaring activity was low and infrequent during the last 24 hours. Three C-class flares were detected, all from NOAA Active Region (AR) 3282 (magnetic type Beta-Gamma, Catania group 61). Further C-class activity is likely in the next 24 hours, either from NOAA AR 3282 or NOAA AR 3285 (magnetic type Beta, Catania group 65).

No Earth-directed Coronal Mass Ejections (CME) were observed in the last 24 hours.

The greater than 10 MeV proton flux exceeded the 10 pfu level yesterday between 18:15 and 18:40 UT and stayed at nominal levels for the rest of the past 24 hours. In the next 24 hours it is expected to remain below the 10 pfu level. The greater than 2 MeV electron flux remained below the 1000 pfu alert threshold and is expected to remain below this threshold during the next 24 hours. The 24h electron fluence was at nominal levels and is expected to remain so.

A small equatorial coronal hole of negative polarity started crossing the central meridian today. An associated high speed stream in in-situ solar wind measurements is expected for 28 April.

The Solar Wind (SW) conditions are strongly affected by the arrival of a Coronal Mass Ejection (CME) as previously forecasted. The SW speed increased from 340 km/s before the arrival of the CME to 650 km/s by today 01:00 UT. The total interplanetary magnetic field (Btot) increased to 35 nT yesterday at 17:00 UT, while its North-South component (Bz) dropped as low as -33 nT. The interplanetary magnetic field phi angle was predominantly directed towards the Sun over the last 24 hours. For the next 24 hours the SW speed and the Btot are expected to remain high, however the Bz has already increased above zero and is not expected to drop to such low values in the next 24 hours.

Geomagnetic conditions reached globally severe storm (Kp 8 between 18:00-21:00 UT yesterday and 03:00-06:00 UT today, Kp 8- between 21:00-00:00 yesterday) and strong storm (Kp 7 between 00:00-03:00 and Kp 7- between 06:00-09:00 today), while the rest of the time they were at minor to moderate storm levels. Locally the situation was rather similar, with K BEL at storm level (K BEL 5 or more) since yesterday 21:00 UT. Storm levels are expected for the next several hours and a significant decrease for the rest of the next 24 hours, both globally and locally.

TODAY'S ESTIMATED ISN : 077, BASED ON 09 STATIONS.

SOLAR INDICES FOR 23 Apr 2023
WOLF NUMBER CATANIA : ///
10CM SOLAR FLUX : 135
AK CHAMBON LA FORET : 103
AK WINGST : 062
ESTIMATED AP : 055
ESTIMATED ISN : 087, BASED ON 16 STATIONS.

NOTICEABLE EVENTS SUMMARY
DAY BEGIN MAX END LOC XRAY OP 10CM Catania/NOAA RADIO_BURST_TYPES
NONE
END



URSIgram – Exercise 3

- **Setting**

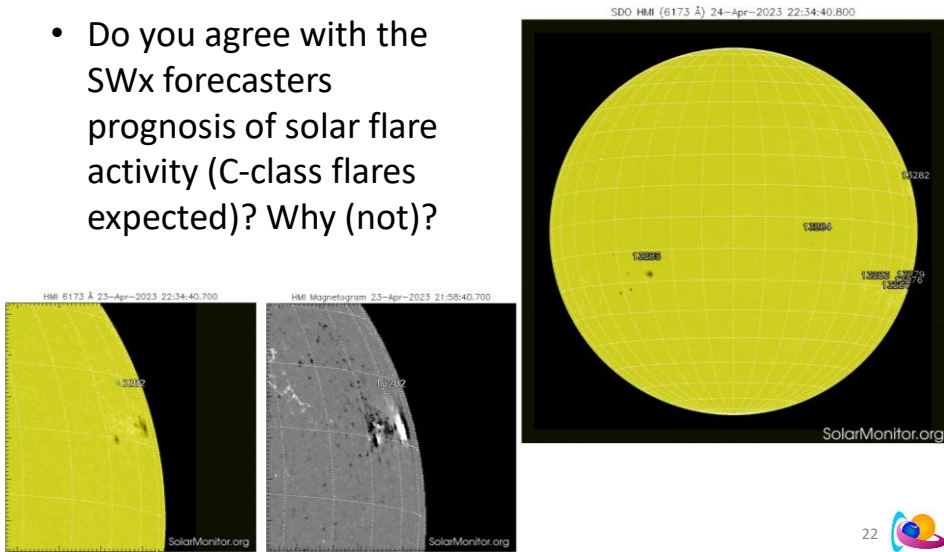
- You have received the above URSIgram (24 April 2023 – 12:36UT). You have to brief your SWx colleagues.

- **Questions**

- Do you agree with the SWx forecasters prognosis of solar flare activity (C-class flares expected)? Why (not)?
- Around 14:15UT, the Humain solar radio observatory detects a disturbance in the radio-spectrogram. What type of solar radio-burst is this?
- In terms of Dst, how strong would you expect this event to be (Quiet, ... , Extreme)? Do you expect any drag effects?
- Based on the description of the geomagnetic storm, would you expect degradation of GNSS applications (WAAS,...)?
- Do you still expect there will be advisories (warning messages) for the International civil aviation to be send? If yes, in which domains (GNSS, Radiation, HF Com)?

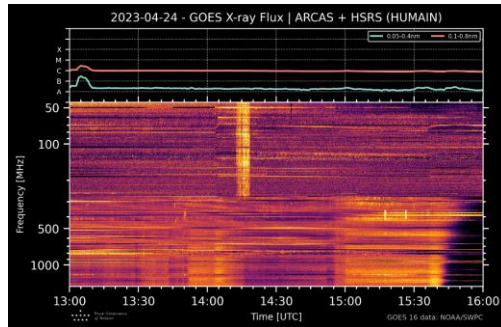
URSIgram – Exercise 3

- Do you agree with the SWx forecasters prognosis of solar flare activity (C-class flares expected)? Why (not)?



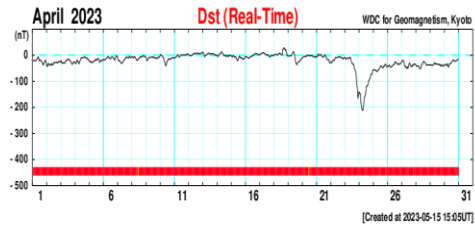
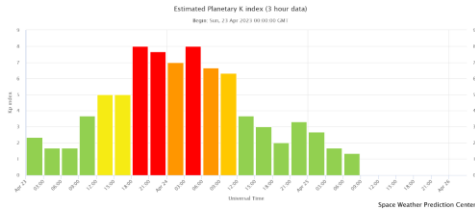
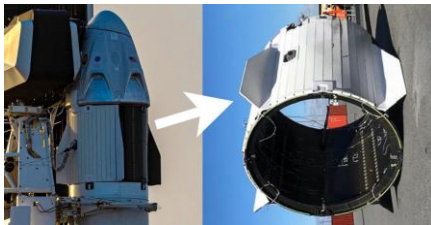
URSIgram – Exercise 3

- Around 14:15UT, the Humain solar radio observatory detects a disturbance in the radio-spectrogram. What type of solar radio-burst is this?



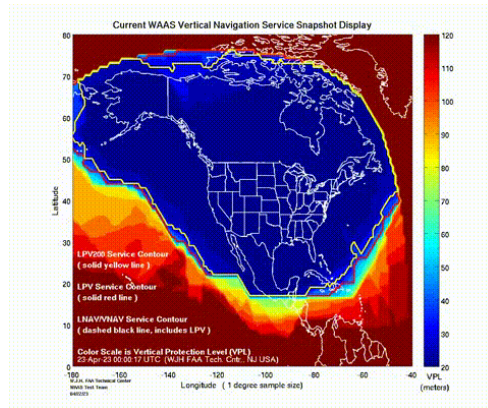
URSIgram – Exercise 3

- In terms of Dst, how strong would you expect this event to be (Quiet, ... , Extreme)?
- Do you expect any drag effects?



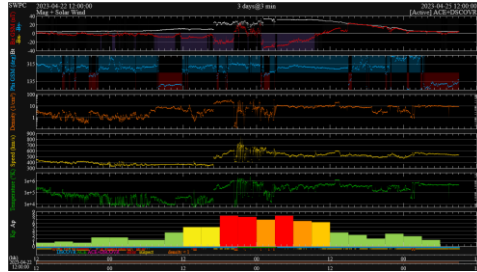
URSIgram – Exercise 3

- Based on the description of the geomagnetic storm, would you expect degradation of GNSS applications (WAAS,...)?



URSIgram – Exercise 3

- Do you still expect there will be advisories (warning messages) for the International civil aviation to be send? If yes, in which domains (GNSS, Radiation, HF Com)?



PECASUS DASHBOARD on 2023-04-24 12:00 UTC

GNSS	Moderate	Severe	Time UTC	Values	Status	Alert	Max-3h values	Max-3h status
Amplitude Scintillation	0.5	0.8	2023-04-24 12:00	0.38	QUIET	🔔	0.38	QUIET
Phase Scintillation	0.4	0.7	2023-04-24 12:00	0.30	QUIET	🔔	0.33	QUIET
Vertical TEC	125	175	2023-04-24 12:00	162.99	QUIET	🔔	162.83	MODERATE

RADIATION	Moderate	Severe	Time UTC	Flags	Status	Alert	Max-3h flags	Max-3h status
Effective Dose FL < 460	30	80	2023-04-24 12:00	0	QUIET	🔔	0	QUIET
Effective Dose FL > 460	/	80	2023-04-24 12:00	0	QUIET	🔔	0	QUIET

HF COM	Moderate	Severe	Time UTC	Values/Flags	Status	Alert	Max-3h values	Max-3h status
Auroral Absorption (AA)	0	9	2023-04-24 12:00	3.5	QUIET	🔔	6.3	WARNING
Polar Cap Absorption (PCA)	2	5	2023-04-24 12:00	0.46	QUIET	🔔	0.19	QUIET
Shortwave Fadeout (SWF)	<1.0	>10.0	2023-04-24 12:00	< 1M0 None	QUIET	🔔	< 1M0 None	QUIET
Post-Storm Depression (PSD)	30%	50%	2023-04-24 12:00	1	SEVERE	🔔	2	SEVERE

PECASUS DASHBOARD on 2023-04-25 00:00 UTC

GNSS	Moderate	Severe	Time UTC	Values	Status	Alert	Max-3h values	Max-3h status
Amplitude Scintillation	0.5	0.8	2023-04-25 00:00	0.38	QUIET	🔔	0.47	QUIET
Phase Scintillation	0.4	0.7	2023-04-25 00:00	0.30	QUIET	🔔	0.28	QUIET
Vertical TEC	125	175	2023-04-25 00:00	158.28	QUIET	🔔	157.32	MODERATE

RADIATION	Moderate	Severe	Time UTC	Flags	Status	Alert	Max-3h flags	Max-3h status
Effective Dose FL < 460	30	80	2023-04-25 00:00	0	QUIET	🔔	0	QUIET
Effective Dose FL > 460	/	80	2023-04-25 00:00	0	QUIET	🔔	0	QUIET

HF COM	Moderate	Severe	Time UTC	Values/Flags	Status	Alert	Max-3h values	Max-3h status
Auroral Absorption (AA)	0	9	2023-04-25 00:00	3.8	QUIET	🔔	6.9	QUIET
Polar Cap Absorption (PCA)	2	5	2023-04-25 00:00	0.69	QUIET	🔔	0.12	QUIET
Shortwave Fadeout (SWF)	<1.0	>10.0	2023-04-25 00:00	< 1M0 None	QUIET	🔔	< 1M0 None	QUIET
Post-Storm Depression (PSD)	30%	50%	2023-04-25 00:00	2	SEVERE	🔔	2	SEVERE